clearinghouse for employment, merchandise, and real estate, devised by HF and managed by John Fielding

1751 19 January: An Enquiry into the Causes of the Late Increase of Robbers

19 December: Amelia

1752 4 January-25 November: edits the Covent-Garden Journal, his last periodical

13 April: Examples of the Interposition of Providence in the Detection and Punishment of Murder

1753 29 January: A Proposal for Making an Effectual Provision for the Poor, for Amending Their Morals, and for Rendering Them Useful Members of the Society

6 April: birth of his son Allen. At around the same time, illness causes him to resign from the magistracy
26 June-7 August: his voyage to Lisbon, the *Journal* of which

8 October: his death at Junqueira, near Lisbon

was published posthumously in 1755

#### THE

## HISTORY

OF THE

## ADVENTURES

## JOSEPH ANDREWS,

And of his FRIEND

Mr. ABRAHAM ADAMS.

Written in Imitation of The Manner of Cervantes.

Author of Don Quixete.

IN TWO VOLUMES.

VOL. I.

## LONDON:

Printed for A. MILLAR, over-against St. Clement's Church, in the Strand.
M.DCC,XLII.

Fantom, Reputation!\* Shame; how clearly doth he expose the Emptiness and Vanity of that absolute Submission to our Superiors! Lastly, how completely doth How artfully doth the former, by insinuating that he escaped being Papers and Records.\* The Reader, I believe, already conjectures, I he arm us against so uneasy, so wretched a Passion as the Fear of Contempt of worldly Grandeur! how strongly doth he inculcate an promoted to the highest Stations in Church and State, teach us a mean, the Lives of Mr. Colley Cibber,\* and of Mrs. Pamela Andrews. who borrows his Lights, as the common Method is, from authentic order to write it. The other is communicated to us by an Historian recorded, and is by many thought to have lived such a Life only in written by the great Person himself, who lived the Life he hath either Sex. The former of these which deals in Male-Virtue, was published, which represent an admirable Pattern of the Amiable in But I pass by these and many others, to mention two Books lately

What the Female Readers are taught by the Memoirs of Mrs. Andrews, is so well set forth in the excellent Essays or Letters prefixed to the second and subsequent Editions\* of that Work, that it would be here a needless Repetition. The authentic History with which I now present the public, is an Instance of the great Good that Book is likely to do, and of the Prevalence of Example which I have just observed: since it will appear that it was by keeping the excellent Pattern of his Sister's Virtues before his Eyes, that Mr. Joseph Andrews was chiefly enabled to preserve his Purity in the midst of such great Temptations; I shall only add, that this Character of Male-Chastity, tho' doubtless as desirable and becoming in one Part of the human Species, as in the other, is almost the only Virtue which the great Apologist hath not given himself for the sake of giving the Example to his Readers.

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### CHAPTER 11

Of Mr. Joseph Andrews his Birth, Parentage, Education, and great Endowments, with a Word or two concerning Ancestors.

MR. Joseph Andrews, the Hero of our ensuing History, was esteemed to be the only Son of Gaffar and Gammer Andrews, and Brother to the illustrious Pamela, whose Virtue is at present so famous. As to his Ancestors, we have searched with great Diligence, but little Success: being unable to trace them farther than his Great Grandfather, who, as an elderly Person in the Parish remembers to have heard his Father say, was an excellent Cudgel-player. Whether he had any Ancestors before this, we must leave to the Opinion of our Curious Reader, finding nothing of sufficient Certainty to relie on. However, we cannot omit inserting an Epitaph which an ingenious Friend of ours hath communicated.

Stay Traveller, for underneath this Pew Lies fast asleep that merry Man Andrew; When the last Day's great Sun shall gild the Skies, Then he shall from his Tomb get up and rise. Be merry while thou can'st: for surely thou Shall shortly be as sad as he is now.

The Words are almost out of the Stone with Antiquity. But it is needless to observe, that *Andrew* here is writ without an s, and is besides a Christian Name. My Friend moreover conjectures this to have been the Founder of that Sect of laughing Philosophers, since called *Merry Andrews*.\*

To wave therefore a Circumstance, which, tho' mentioned in conformity to the exact Rules of Biography, is not greatly material; I proceed to things of more consequence. Indeed it is sufficiently certain, that he had as many Ancestors, as the best Man living; and perhaps, if we look five or six hundred Years backwards, might be related to some Persons of very great Figure at present, whose Ancestors within half the last Century are buried in as great Obscurity. But suppose for Argument's sake we should admit that he had no Ancestors at all, but had sprung up, according to the modern Phrase, out of a Dunghill, as the *Athenians* pretended they themselves did from the Earth,\* would not this 'Autokopros have been justly entitled to all the

In English, sprung from a Dunghil

have him (being now seventeen Years of Age)\* for her own Foot-boy his Character, and so pleased the Lady Booby, that she desired to able Bribe to play booty\* on such an Occasion. This extremely raised Horse himself; especially after he had scornfully refused a considerand the Betts were rather proportioned by the Rider than by the their Money, always enquired which Horse little Joey was to ride, called) to ride their Matches. The best Gamesters, before they laid quently solicited the Knight, to permit little Joey (for so he was Expertness and Success, that the neighbouring Gentlemen fre-Station, he rode several Races for Sir Thomas, and this with such with an Intrepidity which surprized every one. While he was in this and constantly rode the most spirited and vicious Horses to water Here he soon gave Proofs of Strength and Agility, beyond his Years. Account of the poor Boy, who was now transplanted to the Stable him; and constantly laid every Fault the Dogs were at, to the incensed at it, that he desired Sir Thomas to provide otherwise for disqualified him: the Dogs preferring the Melody of his chiding to placed under the Huntsman, and made what Sportsmen term a transplanted from the Fields into the Dog-kennel, where he was that it rather allured the Birds than terrified them, he was soon Name of Jack-o'-Lent:\* but his Voice being so extremely musical, assigned to the God Priapus,\* which Deity the Moderns call by the keeping Birds. His Office was to perform the Part the Antients Andrews was at first employed in what in the Country they call Sir Thomas having then an Estate in his own hands, the young he was bound an Apprentice, according to the Statute,\* to Sir which Time his Education was advanced to Writing and Reading) enjoying the Honour of their Forefathers? At ten Years old (by of acquiring Honour, when we see so many who have no Virtues, all the alluring Notes of the Huntsman, who soon became so Man who hath no Ancestors should therefore be render'd incapable Whipper-in.\* For this Place likewise the Sweetness of his Voice Thomas Booby, an Uncle of Mr. Booby's by the Father's side. Praise arising from his own Virtues? Would it not be hard, that a

Joey was now preferred from the Stable to attend on his Lady; to go on her Errands, stand behind her Chair, wait at her Tea-table, and carry her Prayer-Book to Church; at which Place, his Voice gave him an Opportunity of distinguishing himself by singing Psalms: he behaved likewise in every other respect so well at divine Service, that

it recommended him to the Notice of Mr. Abraham Adams\* the Curate; who took an Opportunity one Day, as he was drinking a Cup of Ale in Sir Thomas's Kitchin, to ask the young Man several Questions concerning Religion; with his Answers to which he was wonderfully pleased.

### CHAPTER III

Of Mr. Abraham Adams the Curate, Mrs. Slipslop the Chambermaid, and others.

have a real Existence in the human Mind. tion would have convinced the great Apologist, that those Passions thought the School of Innocence; and where a very little Observapast his Life behind the Scenes, a Place which hath been seldom less remarkable in a Country Parson than in a Gentleman who hath Passions as Malice and Envy to exist in Mankind,\* which was indeed istic: he did, no more than Mr. Colley Cibber, apprehend any such friendly and brave to an Excess; but Simplicity was his Characterso he never suspected such a Design in others. He was generous, into it could possibly be. As he had never any Intention to deceive, entirely ignorant of the Ways of this World, as an Infant just entered Sense, good Parts, and good Nature; but was at the same time as rarely to be met with in a University. He was besides a Man of good the most severe Study, and had treasured up a Fund of Learning translate French, Italian and Spanish. He had applied many Years to Share of Knowledge in the Oriental Tongues, and could read and Master of the Greek and Latin Languages; to which he added a great MR. Abraham Adams was an excellent Scholar. He was a perfect

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His Virtue and his other Qualifications, as they rendered him equal to his Office, so they made him an agreeable and valuable Companion, and had so much endeared and well recommended him to a Bishop, that at the Age of Fifty, he was provided with a handsome Income of twenty-three Pounds a Year; which however, he could not make any great Figure with: because he lived in a dear Country, and was a little incumbered with a Wife and six Children.

It was this Gentleman, who, having, as I have said, observed the singular Devotion of young *Andrews*, had found means to question

him, concerning several Particulars; as how many Books there were in the New Testament? which were they? how many Chapters they contained? and such like; to all which Mr. Adams privately said, he answer'd much better than Sir Thomas, or two other neighbouring Justices of the Peace could probably have done.

and by what Opportunity the Youth became acquainted with these no other than Baker's Chronicle.\* sufficiently assured Mr. Adams, that the good Book meant could be with all the Trees upon it, and covered another Man's Meadow. This of the Congregation; and as how a Field of Corn ran away down a Hill which lay open in the Hall Window, where he had read, as how the could, without being perceived, he had studied a great good Book of Leisure in reading good Books; that he had read the Bible, the since he was in Sir Thomas's Family, he had employed all his Hours Sixpence a Week for his Learning. He told him likewise, that ever warden in a Borough Town, yet had been himself at the Expence of Father's Landlord did not vote on the right side for a Churchenough to get him into a Charity School, because a Cousin of his write by the Goodness of his Father, who, though he had not Interest Matters: Joey told him, that he had very early learnt to read and Devil carried away half a Church in Sermon-time, without hurting one Whole Duty of Man,\* and Thomas à Kempis;\* and that as often as he Mr. Adams was wonderfully sollicitous to know at what Time,

The Curate, surprized to find such Instances of Industry and Application in a young Man, who had never met with the least Encouragement, asked him, if he did not extremely regret the want of a liberal Education, and the not having been born of Parents, who might have indulged his Talents and Desire of Knowledge? To which he answered, 'he hoped he had profited somewhat better from the Books he had read, than to lament his Condition in this World. That for his part, he was perfectly content with the State to which he was called, that he should endeavour to improve his Talent,\* which was all required of him, but not repine at his own Lot, nor envy those of his Betters.' 'Well said, my Lad,' reply'd the Curate, 'and I wish some who have read many more good Books, nay and some who have written good Books themselves, had profited so much by them.'

Adams had no nearer Access to Sir Thomas, or my Lady, than through the Waiting-Gentlewoman: For Sir Thomas was too apt to estimate Men merely by their Dress, or Fortune; and my Lady was a

Woman of Gaiety, who had been bless'd with a Town-Education, and never spoke of any of her Country Neighbours, by any other Appellation than that of *The Brutes*. They both regarded the Curate as a kind of Domestic only, belonging to the Parson of the Parish, who was at this time at variance with the Knight; for the Parson had for many Years lived in a constant State of Civil War, or, which is perhaps as bad, of Civil Law, with Sir *Thomas* himself and the Tenants of his Manor. The Foundation of this Quarrel was a Modus,\* by setting which aside, an Advantage of several Shillings per Annum would have accrued to the Rector: but he had not yet been able to accomplish his Purpose; and had reaped hitherto nothing better from the Suits than the Pleasure (which he used indeed frequently to say was no small one) of reflecting that he had utterly undone many of the poor Tenants, tho' he had at the same time greatly impoverish'd himself.

Mrs. Slipslop the Waiting-Gentlewoman, being herself the Daughter of a Curate, preserved some Respect for Adams; she professed great Regard for his Learning, and would frequently dispute with him on Points of Theology; but always insisted on a Deference to be paid to her Understanding, as she had been frequently at London, and knew more of the World than a Country Parson could pretend to.

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She had in these Disputes a particular Advantage over Adams: for she was a mighty Affecter of hard Words, which she used in such a manner, that the Parson, who durst not offend her, by calling her Words in question, was frequently at some loss to guess her meaning, and would have been much less puzzled by an Arabian Manuscript.

Adams therefore took an Opportunity one day, after a pretty long Discourse with her on the Essence, (or, as she pleased to term it, the Incense) of Matter, to mention the Case of young Andrews; desiring her to recommend him to her Lady as a Youth very susceptible of Learning, and one, whose Instruction in Latin he would himself undertake; by which means he might be qualified for a higher Station than that of a Footman: and added, she knew it was in his Master's power easily to provide for him in a better manner. He therefore desired, that the Boy might be left behind under his Care.

'La Mr. Adams,' said Mrs. Slipslop, 'do you think my Lady will suffer any Preambles about any such Matter? She is going to London very concisely, and I am confidous would not leave Joey behind her on

and his Perseverance in Innocence and Industry. many Admonitions concerning the Regulation of his future Conduct fully to him for his intended Kindness, which he told him he never afterwards. However, Andrews behaved very thankfully and grateinto no such Delemy.' At which words her Lady's Bell rung, and Mr. would forget, and at the same time received from the good Man with her before their London Journey, which happened a few Days Adams was forced to retire; nor could he gain a second Opportunity would be angry with me for mentioning it, and I shall draw myself in London, that it is fit for no body else. I am confidous my Lady because you can't preach without it: but I have heard Gentlemen say Gentleman? It is very proper that you Clargymen must learn it, proceeded: 'And why is Latin more necessitous for a Footman than a much on one as the other.' Adams would have interrupted, but she parting with a Pair of her Grey-Mares: for she values herself as see in a Summer's Day, and I am confidous she would as soon think of any account; for he is one of the genteelest young Fellows you may

### CHAPTER IV

## What happened after their Journey to London.

at Church (which was but seldom) he behaved with less seeming Fellow, his Morals remained entirely uncorrupted, tho' he was at the Devotion than formerly: however, if he was outwardly a pretty the Play-Houses and Assemblies; and when he attended his Lady and they never condemned or applauded a single Song contrary to Art, that he led the Opinion of all the other Footmen at an Opera, improved himself, and became so perfect a Connoisseur in that applied most of his leisure Hours to Music, in which he greatly endeavour'd to make him despise his former Course of Life. His scrape an Acquaintance with his party-colour'd Brethren, who his Approbation or Dislike. He was a little too forward in Riots at drink, nor any other genteel Vice the Town abounded with. He the Afternoon; they could not however teach him to game, swear, He went abroad with it all the Morning in Papers, and drest it out in Hair was cut after the newest Fashion, and became his chief Care. No sooner was young Andrews arrived at London, than he began to

same time smarter and genteeler, than any of the Beaus in Town, either in or out of Livery.

His Lady, who had often said of him that Joey was the handsomest and genteelest Footman in the Kingdom, but that it was pity he wanted Spirit, began now to find that Fault no longer; on the contrary, she was frequently heard to cry out, Aye, there is some Life in this Fellow. She plainly saw the Effects which Town-Air hath on the soberest Constitutions. She would now walk out with him into Hyde-Park in a Morning, and when tired, which happened almost every Minute, would lean on his Arm, and converse with him in great Familiarity. Whenever she stept out of her Coach she would take him by the Hand, and sometimes, for fear of stumbling, press it very hard; she admitted him to deliver Messages at her Bed-side in a Morning, leered at him at Table, and indulged him in all those innocent Freedoms which Women of Figure may permit without the least sully of their Virtue.

But tho' their Virtue remains unsullied, yet now and then some small Arrows will glance on the Shadow of it, their Reputation; and so it fell out to Lady Booby, who happened to be walking Arm in Arm with Joey one Morning in Hyde-Park, when Lady Tittle and Lady Tattle came accidentally by in their Coach. Bless me, says Lady Tittle, can I believe my Eyes? Is that Lady Booby? Surely, says Tattle. But what makes you surprized? Why is not that her Footman? reply'd Tittle. At which Tattle laughed and cryed, An old Business, I assure you, is it possible you should not have heard it? The whole Town hath known it this half Year. The Consequence of this Interview was a Whisper through a hundred Visits, which were separately performed by the two Ladies¹ the same Afternoon, and might have had a mischievous Effect, had it not been stopt by two fresh Reputations which were published the Day afterwards, and engrossed the whole Talk of the Town.

But whatever Opinion or Suspicion the scandalous Inclination of Defamers might entertain of Lady *Booby's* innocent Freedoms, it is certain they made no Impression on young *Andrews*, who never offered to encroach beyond the Liberties which his Lady allowed him. A Behaviour which she imputed to the violent Respect he

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> It may seem an Absurdity that *Tattle* should visit, as she actually did, to spread a known Scandal: but the Reader may reconcile this, by supposing with me, that, notwithstanding what she says, this was her first Acquaintance with it.

preserved for her, and which served only to heighten a something she began to conceive, and which the next Chapter will open a little farther.

### CHAPTER V

The Death of Sir Thomas Booby, with the affectionate and mournful Behaviour of his Widow, and the great Purity of Joseph Andrews.

are no Stranger to that Passion; Come Joey,' says she, 'tell me truly, things.' 'As young as you are,' reply'd the Lady, 'I am convinced you down, and having accidentally laid her hand on his, she asked him, if good Reason we shall hereafter call JOSEPH,\* to bring up her Teaa Party at Cards: but on the seventh she ordered Joey, whom for a admitted none but Mrs. Slipslap and three Female Friends who made confined to her House as closely as if she herself had been attacked Joseph returned, 'that all Women he had ever seen were equally who is the happy Girl whose Eyes have made a Conquest of you?' was time enough for one so young as himself to think on such by some violent Disease. During the first six Days the poor Lady through the Town, and this was no other than the Death of Sir agreeable Walks, which probably would have soon puffed up the and difficult in fixing: but yet you shall never persuade me that your he had never been in Love? Joseph answered, with some Confusion, 'it kettle. The Lady being in Bed, called Joseph to her, bad him sit Cheeks of Fame,\* and caused her to blow her brazen Trumpet AT this Time, an Accident happened which put a stop to these any that deserve that Name. 'Don't pretend to too much Modesty, young Man than to betray any Intimacies with the Ladies.' Ladies! Indeed you handsome Fellows, like handsome Women, are very long indifferent to him.' 'O then,' said the Lady, 'you are a general Lover Thomas Booby, who departing this Life, left his disconsolate Lady said she, 'for that sometimes may be impertinent: but pray, answer Madam, said Joseph, I am sure I never had the Impudence to think of from being angry with you for. Nothing can be more unworthy in a to your Secrecy, a very commendable Quality, and what I am far Heart is so insusceptible of Affection; I rather impute what you say

you think I would willingly suffer you?' 'I don't understand you, 'How,' says she, 'do you think it would not disoblige me then? Do Joseph, 'I will never do any thing to disoblige your Ladyship.' Madam,' says Joseph. 'Don't you?' said she, 'then you are either a of Justice, and you know, Joey, I am of a forgiving Temper. Tell me knows I should never have the Confidence to appear before a Court without Vanity I may pretend to some Charms. But perhaps you may said she, 'I must have Reason to suspect you. Are you not a Man? and a thousand Deaths than give her any reason to suspect him. 'Yes,' Joey, don't you think I should forgive you?' 'Indeed Madam,' says fear I should prosecute you; indeed I hope you do, and yet Heaven imagine the least wicked thing against her, and that he had rather die begged her Ladyship to be comforted, for that he would never be then in your power? Would you not then be my Master?' Joseph would not that be trusting to your Secrecy? Must not my Reputation then, say you, the World will never know any thing of the Matter, yet Honour, they may not be wicked, but the World calls them so. But 'You misunderstand me,' says she, 'I mean if they were against my wicked, and perhaps they are not so."-He swore they were not. against her. 'No,' says she, 'perhaps you may not call your Designs myself?' Joseph protested that he never had the least evil Design 'La!' says she, in an affected Surprize, 'what am I doing? I have have any wicked Intentions upon my Honour, how should I defend trusted myself with a Man alone, naked in Bed; suppose you should of the whitest Necks that ever was seen; at which Joseph blushed. power.' She then raised herself a little in her Bed, and discovered\* one Joey?' 'Madam,' says he, 'I hope your Ladyship can't tax me with our Condescension and Confidence? Can you keep a Secret, my turn you away, Joey,' said she, and sighed, 'I am afraid it is not in my turn me away, I might have that Character of you.' 'I don't intend to ever betraying the Secrets of the Family, and I hope, if you was to so much more Virtue than you handsome young Fellows generally Pride, without considering the great Obligation we lay on you, by have, who make no scruple of sacrificing our dear Reputation to your her? Answer me honestly, Joseph, Have you so much more Sense and equal, are you certain that no Vanity could tempt you to discover Familiarities as you might have hoped for, if you had been born her pose she should prefer you to all your Sex, and admit you to the same me this Question, Suppose a Lady should happen to like you, sup-

Fool or pretend to be so, I find I was mistaken in you, so get you down Stairs, and never let me see your Face again: your pretended Innocence cannot impose on me.' 'Madam,' said Joseph, 'I would not have your Ladyship think any Evil of me. I have always endeavoured to be a dutiful Servant both to you and my Master.' 'O thou Villain,' answered my Lady, 'Why did'st thou mention the Name of that dear Man, unless to torment me, to bring his precious Memory to my Mind, (and then she burst into a Fit of Tears.) Get thee from my Sight, I shall never endure thee more.' At which Words she turned away from him, and Joseph retreated from the Room in a most disconsolate Condition, and writ that Letter which the Reader will find in the next Chapter.

### CHAPTER VI

How Joseph Andrews writ a Letter to his Sister Pamela.

To Mrs. Pamela Andrews, living with Squire Booby.

Dear Sister.

'Since I received your Letter of your good Lady's Death, we have 'Since I received your Letter of your good Lady's Death, we have had a Misfortune of the same kind in our Family. My worthy Master, Sir Thomas, died about four Days ago, and what is worse, my poor Lady is certainly gone distracted. None of the Servants expected her to take it so to heart, because they quarrelled almost every day of their Lives: but no more of that, because you know, Pamela, I never loved to tell the Secrets of my Master's Family; but to be sure you must have known they never loved one another, and I have heard her Ladyship wish his Honour dead above a thousand times: but no body knows what it is to lose a Friend till they have lost him.

'Don't tell any body what I write, because I should not care to have Folks say I discover what passes in our Family: but if it had not been so great a Lady, I should have thought she had had a mind to me. Dear Pamela, don't tell any body: but she ordered me to sit down by her Bed-side, when she was in naked Bed; and she held my Hand, and talked exactly as a Lady does to her Sweetheart in a Stage-Play, which I have seen in Covent-Garden, while she wanted him to be no better than he should be.

'If Madam be mad, I shall not care for staying long in the Family;

so I heartily wish you could get me a Place either at the Squire's, or some other neighbouring Gentleman's, unless it be true that you are going to be married to Parson Williams, as Folks talk, and then I should be very willing to be his Clerk: for which you know I am qualified, being able to read, and to set a Psalm.

'I fancy, I shall be discharged very soon; and the Moment I am, unless I hear from you, I shall return to my old Master's Country Seat, if it be only to see Parson Adams, who is the best Man in the World. London is a bad Place, and there is so little good Fellowship, that next-door Neighbours don't know one another. Pray give my Service to all Friends that enquire for me; so I rest

Your Loving Brother,
Joseph Andrews.

Joseph, in which she had not met with quite so good Success as other Delicacies, of which by keeping the Keys, she had the absoshe probably wished, tho' besides the Allurements of her native walked. This fair Creature had long cast the Eyes of Affection or shorter than the other, which occasioned her to limp as she which she carried before her; one of her Legs was also a little resemble a Cow so much in her Breath, as in two brown Globes red, with the Addition of Pimples in the Face. Her Nose was Maid ever since. She was not at this time remarkably handsome; who having made a small Slip in her Youth had continued a good She was a Maiden Gentlewoman of about Forty-five Years of Age, this Opportunity to bring the Reader a little better acquainted down Stairs, where he met Mrs. Slipslop, with whom we shall take any Liberties with a Man, without the danger of bringing a third arrived at an Age when she thought she might indulge herself in then he would have been highly blameable. The truth is, she was would not insinuate she was so easily to be satisfied: for surely tude to all these Favours, not even so much as a Kiss; tho' l Charms, she had given him Tea, Sweetmeats, Wine, and many likewise rather too large, and her Eyes too little; nor did she being very short, and rather too corpulent in Body, and somewhat lute Command. Joseph however, had not returned the least Gratilong a Self-denial, she had not only made amends for the small Person into the World to betray them. She imagined, that by so As soon as Joseph had sealed and directed this Letter, he walked

Slip of her Youth above hinted at: but had likewise laid up a Quantity of Merit to excuse any future Failings. In a word, she resolved to give a loose to her amorous Inclinations, and pay off the Debt of Pleasure which she found she owed herself, as fast as possible.

With these Charms of Person, and in this Disposition of Mind, she encountered poor *Joseph* at the Bottom of the Stairs, and asked him if he would drink a Glass of something good this Morning. *Joseph*, whose Spirits were not a little cast down, very readily and thankfully accepted the Offer; and together they went into a Closet, where having delivered him a full Glass of Ratifia,\* and desired him to sit down, Mrs. *Slipslop* thus began:

says Mrs. Slipslop in a Rage: 'Your own Mother! Do you assinuate ungrateful: for so far from intending you any Wrong, I have always ungrateful as you are, to make no Return to all the Favours I have 'Yes Madam;-' 'Yes Madam!' reply'd Mrs. Slipslop with some loved you as well as if you had been my own Mother.' 'How, Sirrah!' with Ironing?' 'Madam,' answered Joseph, 'I don't understand your how have I deserved that my Passion should be resulted and treated done you: but you must treat me with Ironing? Barbarous Monsterl him.' Joseph, who did not understand a Word she said, answered, sophisticates. Whereas a Boy proposes upon us to break through all the shewing it me; for I am convicted you must see the Value I have for a Value for me, you certainly would have found some Method of little softened by the Compliment to her Learning, 'If you had I know you are a Woman of Learning.' 'Yes but, Joseph,' said she a always valued the Honour you did me by your Conversation; for to that of a Woman of Sense.' 'Madam,' says Joseph, 'I am sure I have rather than be angry with you, for referring the Conversation of Girls Green-Sickness\* silly Girl whatsomdever: but I ought to despise you Stripling may think: but I believe a Man would refer me to any that I am old enough to be your Mother? I don't know what a hard Words: but I am certain, you have no Occasion to call me Warmth, 'Do you intend to result my Passion? Is it not enough, Regulations of Modesty, before we can make any Oppression upon rather than live to see that Day. If we like a Man, the lightest Hint have been my Fate, I should have wished to die a thousand Deaths to place her Affections on a Boy. If I had ever thought it would 'Sure nothing can be a more simple Contract in a Woman, than

you. Yes, Joseph, my Eyes whether I would or no, must have declared a Passion I cannot conquer.— Oh! Joseph!—'

As when a hungry Tygress, who long had traversed the Woods in fruitless search, sees within the Reach of her Claws a Lamb, she prepares to leap on her Prey; or as a voracious Pike, of immense Size, surveys through the liquid Element a Roach or Gudgeon which cannot escape her Jaws, opens them wide to swallow the little Fish: so did Mrs. Slipslop prepare to lay her violent amorous Hands on the poor Joseph, when luckily her Mistress's Bell rung, and delivered the intended Martyr from her Clutches. She was obliged to leave him abruptly, and defer the Execution of her Purpose to some other Time. We shall therefore return to the Lady Booby, and give our Reader some Account of her Behaviour, after she was left by Joseph in a Temper of Mind not greatly different from that of the inflamed Slipslop.

## CHAPTER VII

Sayings of wise Men. A Dialogue between the Lady and her Maid, and a Panegyric or rather Satire on the Passion of Love, in the sublime Style.

It is the Observation of some antient Sage, whose Name I have forgot, that Passions operate differently on the human Mind, as Diseases on the Body, in proportion to the Strength or Weakness, Soundness or Rottenness of the one and the other.

We hope therefore, a judicious Reader will give himself some Pains to observe, what we have so greatly laboured to describe, the different Operations of this Passion of Love in the gentle and cultivated Mind of the Lady Booby, from those which it effected in the less polished and coarser Disposition of Mrs. Slipslop.

Another Philosopher, whose Name also at present escapes my Memory, hath somewhere said, that Resolutions taken in the Absence of the beloved Object are very apt to vanish in its Presence; on both which wise Sayings the following Chapter may serve as a Comment.

No sooner had Joseph left the Room in the Manner we have before related, than the Lady, enraged at her Disappointment, began to

Wheelbarrows, and whatever else best humours his Faricy, hath so strangely metamorphosed the human Shape; nor the Great Cibber, who confounds all Number, Gender, and breaks through every Rule of Grammar at his Will, hath so distorted the English Language, as thou dost metamorphose and distort the human Senses.

Thou puttest out our Eyes, stoppest up our Ears, and takest away the power of our Nostrils; so that we can neither see the largest Object, hear the loudest Noise, nor smell the most poignant Perfume. Again, when thou pleasest, thou can'st make a Mole-hill appear as a Mountain; a Jew's-Harp sound like a Trumpet; and a Dazy smell like a Violet. Thou can'st make Cowardice brave, Avarice generous, Pride humble, and Cruelty tender-hearted. In short, thou turnest the Heart of Man inside-out, as a Juggler doth a Petticoat; and bringest whatsoever pleaseth thee out from it. If there be any one who doubts all this, let him read the next Chapter.

## CHAPTER VIII

In which, after some very fine Writing, the History goes on, and relates the Interview between the Lady and Joseph; where the latter hath set an Example, which we despair of seeing followed by his Sex, in this vicious Age.

Now the Rake Hesperus had called for his Breeches, and having well rubbed his drowsy Eyes, prepared to dress himself for all Night; by whose Example his Brother Rakes on Earth likewise leave those Beds, in which they had slept away the Day. Now Thetis\* the good Housewife began to put on the Pot in order to regale the good Man Phabus, after his daily Labours were over. In vulgar Language, it was in the Evening when Joseph attended his Lady's Orders.

But as it becomes us to preserve the Character of this Lady, who is the Heroine of our Tale; and as we have naturally a wonderful Tenderness for that beautiful Part of the human Species, called the Fair Sex; before we discover too much of her Frailty to our Reader, it will be proper to give him a lively Idea of that vast Temptation, which overcame all the Efforts of a modest and virtuous Mind; and then we humbly hope his Good-nature will rather pity than condemn the Imperfection of human Virtue.

Nay, the Ladies themselves will, we hope, be induced, by considering the uncommon Variety of Charms, which united in this young Man's Person, to bridle their rampint Passion for Chastity, and be at least, as mid as their violent Modesty and Virtue will permit them, in censuring the Conduct of a Woman, who, perhaps, was in her own Disposition as chaste as those pure and sanctified Virgins, who, after a Life innocently spent in the Gaietics of the Town, begin about Effy to attend twice per diem, at the polite Churches and Chapels to return Thanks for the Grace which preserved them formerlyamongst Beaus from Temptations, perhaps less powerful than wha now attacked the Lady Booby.

would give an Idea of Noility. and an Air, which to tiose who have not seen many Noblemen inexpressible. Add to this the most perfect Neatness in his Dress. Cheeks, in which his Bood gloved, were overspread with a thick His Beard was only rough on his Chin and upper Lip; but his Down. His Countenancehad a Tenderness jained with a Sensibility the Roman. His Teeth white and even. His Lips full, red, and soft. dark, and as full of Sweetness as of Fire. His Nose a little inclined to wanton Ringlets down his Back. His Forehead was high, his Eyes ness. His Hair was of 1 nut-brown Colour and was displayed in that he had all the Symptoms of Strength without the least clumsi-Shoulders were broad and brawny, but yet his Arms hung so easily, Legs and Thighs wer formed in the exactest Proportion. His were put together with great Hegance and no less Strength. His Age. He was of the hihest Degree of middle Stature. His Limbs Mr. Joseph Andrews was now in the one and twentieth Year of his

Such was the Personwho nov appeared before the Lady. She viewed him some time a Silence, and twice or thrice before she spake, changed her Mirl as to the manner in which she should begin. At length, she sail to him, "Joseph, I im sorry to hear such Complaints against you; I am told you believe so rudely to the Maids, that they cannot de their Business in quiet; I mean those who are not wicked enough to hearken to your Solicitations. As to others, they may not, perhaps, callyou rude: for there are wicked Sluts who make one ashumed of ones own Sex; and areas ready to admit any nauseous Familiarity as Filows to offer it; may there are such in my Family: but they shall notstay in it; that impudent Trollop, who is with Child by you, is discarged by this time."

As a Person who is struck through the Heart with a Thunderbolt, looks extremely surprised, nay, and perhaps is so too.—Thus the poor Joseph received the false Accusation of his Mistress; he blushed and looked confounded, which she misinterpreted to be Symptoms of his Guilt, and thus went on.

speak tho' he was dumb.\* You have seen the Faces, in the Eighteentalk of the Statue of Surprize; you have heard likewise, or else you them to get the better of my Virtue.' - You have heard, Reader, Poets were, I hope I should be able to controll them, without suffering all on fire rather by such a Favour?' 'Madam,' said Joseph, 'if they she, 'that I am to answer to myself: but would not you insist on more? of me ?-tell me freely.' 'Madam,' said Joseph, 'I should think your confess to you, much less deserving them; Fellows without half your I admitted you to kiss me? Joseph reply'd, 'he would sooner die than have any such Thought.' 'And yet, Joseph,' returned she, 'Ladies a Play. Can I believe a young Fellow of your Age and Complexion my Innocence: for by all that is Sacred, I have never offered more Joseph,' answer'd the Lady, 'don't commit another Crime in denying have heard very little, how Surprize made one of the Sons of Crasus Would you be contented with a Kiss? Would not your Inclinations be Joseph, if I should admit you to such Freedom, what would you think Charms: for such might almost excuse the Crime. Tell me, therefore, have admitted their Footmen to such Familiarities; and Footmen, I you would not put her closely to it. What would you think, Joseph, if grants that but will grant more, and I am deceived greatly in you, if will be content with Kissing? No, Joseph, there is no Woman who Eyes, 'do you call that no Crime? Kissing, Joseph, is as a Prologue to than Kissing.' 'Kissing!' said the Lady, with great Discomposure of Joseph, 'I hope your Ladyship will not be offended at my asserting the Truth. I could pardon the first; but I hate a Lyar.' 'Madam,' cries whether any Maid in the House is Man or Woman-.' 'Oh fiel 'Madam,' said Joseph, 'I do assure your Ladyship, I don't know Ladyship condescended a great deal below yourself.' 'Pugh!' said Countenance, and more Redness in her Cheeks, than Anger in her Fellow, and might do better; you might make your Fortune -- .? (laying her Hand carelessly upon his) you are a handsome young could be certain you would be no more guilty-Consider, Child, these Offences; But I have a Compassion for your Youth, and if I 'Come hither, Joseph: another Mistress might discard you for

cries she, 'you have had the Vanity to misconstrue the little innocent offended your Ladyship, I am sure I never intended it.' 'Yes, Sirrah,' and turned away.- 'Madam,' says Joseph, 'I am sorry I have will order you your Wages immediately, and you shall be stripped Freedom I took in order to try, whether what I had heard was true Sirrah! get out of my sight, and prepare to set out this Night, for I always wondered my late Lady John Booby ever kept in her House. Country upon your Sister's account? a little Vixen, whom I have those Letters, which my Father hath sent me of my Sister Pamela's, am sorry for it, and I wish they had an Opportunity of reading over the Follies of my Relation, who hath exposed himself all over the impudent Villain,' cries the Lady in a Rage, 'Do you insult me with nor do I doubt but such an Example would amend them.' 'You stained in him. If there are such Men as your Ladyship mentions, I that the Chastity of his Family, which is preserved in her, should be Joseph, 'that Boy is the Brother of Pamela, and would be ashamed, a Stripling, have the Confidence to talk of his Virtue?' 'Madam,' says preach against it, make any scruple of committing it? And can a Boy, Kind! Will Magistrates who punish Lewdness, or Parsons, who said Joseph, 'I can't see why her having no Virtue should be a Reason Did ever the greatest, or the gravest Men pretend to any of this patience,' cries the Lady: 'Did ever Mortal hear of a Man's Virtue! poor, my Virtue must be subservient to her Pleasures.' 'I am out of against my having any. Or why, because I am a Man, or because I am her own Virtue, she should find an Obstruction in yours?' 'Madam, in order to honour you with the highest Favour in her Power, your when a Lady demeans herself to throw aside the Rules of Decency, Virtue should resist her Inclination? That when she had conquer'd Intolerable Confidence! Have you the Assurance to pretend, that a Silence of two Minutes) I shall never survive it. Your Virtuel beheld the Lady Booby, when those last Words issued out from the an Idea of Surprize, as would have entered in at your Eyes, had they Lips of Joseph.—'Your Virtue! (said the Lady recovering after the inimitable Pencil of my Friend Hogarth, could you receive such Phidias, or Praxieles,\* if they should return to Life-no, not from Shirt all bloody with Ribbons; but from none of these, nor from Appearance, hath ascended with a Face all pale with Powder, and a Mr. Bridgewater, Mr. William Mills,\* or some other of ghostly penny Gallery, when through the Trap-Door, to soft or no Musick,

O' my Conscience, you have had the Assurance to imagine, I was fond of you myself.' Joseph answered, he had only spoke out of Tenderness for his Virtue; at which Words she flew into a violent Passion, and refusing to hear more, ordered him instantly to leave the Room.

He was no sooner gone, than she burst forth into the following Exclamation: 'Whither doth this violent Passion hurry us? What Meannesses do we submit to from its Impulse? Wisely we resist its first and least Approaches; for it is then only we can assure ourselves the Victory. No Woman could ever safely say, so far only will I go. Have I not exposed myself to the Refusal of my Footman? I cannot bear the Reflection.' Upon which she applied herself to the Bell, and rung it with infinite more Violence than was necessary; the faithful Slipslop attending near at hand: To say the truth, she had conceived a Suspicion at her last Interview with her Mistress; and had waited ever since in the Antichamber, having carefully applied her Ears to the Key-Hole during the whole time, that the preceeding Conversation passed between Joseph and the Lady.

### CHAPTER IX

What passed between the Lady and Mrs. Slipslop, in which we prophesy there are some Strokes which every one will not truly comprehend at the first Reading.

'SLIPSLOP,' said the Lady, 'I find too much Reason to believe all thou hast told me of this wicked Joseph; I have determined to part with him instantly; so go you to the Steward, and bid him pay him his Wages.' Slipslop, who had preserved hitherto a Distance to her Lady, rather out of Necessity than Inclination, and who thought the Knowledge of this Secret had thrown down all Distinction between them, answered her Mistress very perfly, 'she wished she knew her own Mind; and that she was certain she would call her back again, before she was got half way down stairs.' The Lady replied, 'she had taken a Resolution, and was resolved to keep it.' I am sorry for it,' cries Slipslop; 'and if I had known you would have punished the poor Lad so severely, you should never have heard a Particle of the Matter. Here's a Fuss indeed, about nothing.' 'Nothing!' returned my Lady; 'Do you think I

will countenance Lewdness in my House?' 'If you will turn away every Footman,' said Slipslop, 'that is a lover of the Sport, you must soon open the Coach-Door yourself, or get a Sett of Mophrodites\* to wait upon you; and I am sure I hated the Sight of them even singing in an Opera.' 'Do as I bid you,' says my Lady, 'and don't shock my Ears with your beastly Language.' 'Marry-come-up,' cries Slipslop, 'People's Ears are sometimes the nicest Part about them.'

the Door after her. provide yourself,' answered the Lady. 'With all my heart,' replied the more than I am obliged to keep it a Secret.' 'I desire you would Lady. I am not obliged to tell that to every body,' says Slipslop, 'any know what I know.' 'What do you know, Mistress?' answered the Modesty neither, and for Places, there are more Places than one; and I impertinent,' says Slipslop. 'Yes indeed you are,' cries my Lady; 'and and saucy ones too,' answered the Lady: 'but I assure you I shall bear Madam; Servants have Tongues as well as their Mistresses.' 'Yes. 'Freedom!' says Shipshap, 'I don't know what you call Freedom, of Freedom in which she thought proper to include her Tongue and desired to know what she meant by that extraordinary degree of her Speech, suspected somewhat of the Truth, called her back Waiting-Gentlewoman delivered herself, and by the Conclusion Waiting-Gentlewoman; and so departed in a Passion, and slapped 'Manners!' cries Slipslop, 'I never was thought to want Manners not unless you mend your Manners, this House is no Place for you. no such Impertinence.' 'Impertinence! I don't know that I am The Lady, who began to admire the new Style in which her

The Lady too plainly perceived that her Waiting-Gentlewoman knew more than she would willingly have had her acquainted with; and this she imputed to Joseph's having discovered to her what past at the first Interview. This therefore blew up her Rage against him, and confirmed her in a Resolution of parting with him.

But the dismissing Mrs. Slipslop was a Point not so easily to be resolved upon: she had the utmost Tenderness for her Reputation, as she knew on that depended many of the most valuable Blessings of Life; particularly Cards, making Court'sies in public Places, and above all, the Pleasure of demolishing the Reputations of others, in which innocent Amusement she had an extraordinary Delight. She therefore determined to submit to any Insult from a Servant, rather than run a Risque of losing the Title to so many great Privileges.

hitherto mistaken for such; for that he had been stolen from a Gentleman's House, by those whom they call Gypsies, and had been kept by them during a whole Year, when looking on him as in a dying Condition, they had exchanged him for the other healthier Child, in the manner before related. He said, as to the Name of his Father, his Wife had either never known or forgot it; but that she had acquainted him he lived about forty Miles from the Place where the Exchange had been made, and which way, promising to spare no Pains in endeavouring with him to discover the Place.

by some of the Company. none so much as Lady Booby, who left the Room in an Agony, which given with much Affection, and received with such Respect, mixed embracing his Knees, with Tears begged his Blessing, which was out in Tears of Joy, I have discovered my Son, I have him again in my of Passion, he embraced Joseph, with inexpressible Extasy, and cried the Mark, than abandoning himself to the most extravagant Rapture Joseph complied with the Request of Mr. Wilson, who no sooner saw embracing him with a Complexion all pale and trembling, desired to was but too much perceived, and not very charitably accounted for with such Tenderness on both sides, that it affected all present: But Person, Time, and Place, than he threw himself at his Feet, and from his Father's Account, the Agreement of every Circumstance, of returned some Warmth to his Embraces: But he no sooner perceived Delight with his Father, (for so in reality he was;) however, he Arms. Joseph was not sufficiently apprized yet, to taste the same bing his Hands, and crying out, Hic est quem quæris, inventus est, &c.\* see the Mark on his Breast; the Parson followed him capering, rubwithout the least Regard to any of the Company but Joseph, and Mr. Wilson, with Wildness in his Looks, and the utmost Eagerness in covery of a stolen Child, and had uttered the word Strawberry, than seen call Mr. Adams forth. This had no sooner mentioned the Dis-Parson's House, and had sent in the Servant whom we have above Lady Booby's Gates for that purpose, being directed thither from the Parish, and had promised to call on him. He was now arrived at the Journey to the West, in which he was to pass through Mr. Adams's Reader may please to recollect, that Mr. Wilson had intended a or miserable by halves, resolved to spare him this Labour. The his Words, begged to be shewed into the Room, where he entred But Fortune, which seldom doth good or ill, or makes Men happy

## Being the last. In which this true History is brought to a happy Conclusion.

FANNY was very little behind her Joseph, in the Duty she exprest towards her Parents; and the Joy she evidenced in discovering them. Gammar Andrews kiss'd her, and said she was heartily glad to see her: But for her part she could never love any one better than Joseph. Gaffar Andrews testified no remarkable Emotion, he blessed and kissed her, but complained bitterly, that he wanted his Pipe, not having had a Whiff that Morning.

Mr. Booby, who knew nothing of his Aunt's Fondness, imputed her abrupt Departure to her Pride, and Disdain of the Family into which he was married; he was therefore desirous to be gone with the utmost Celerity: And now, having congratulated Mr. Wilson and Joseph on the Discovery, he saluted Fanny, called her Sister, and introduced her as such to Pamela, who behaved with great Decency on the Occasion.

He now sent a Message to his Aunt, who returned, that she wished him a good Journey; but was too disordered to see any Company: He therefore prepared to set out, having invited Mr. Wilson to his House, and Pannela and Joseph both so insisted on his complying, that he at last consented, having first obtained a Messenger from Mr. Booby, to acquaint his Wife with the News; which, as he knew it would render her completely happy, he could not prevail on himself to delay a moment in acquainting her with.

The Company were ranged in this manner. The two old People with their two Daughters rode in the Coach, the Squire, Mr. Wilson, Joseph, Parson Adams, and the Pedlar proceeded on Horseback.

In their way Joseph informed his Father of his intended Match with Fanny; to which, tho' he expressed some Reluctance at first, on the Eagerness of his Son's Instances he consented, saying if she was so good a Creature as she appeared, and he described her, he thought the Disadvantages of Birth and Fortune might be compensated. He however insisted on the Match being deferred till he had seen his Mother; in which Joseph perceiving him positive, with great Duty obeyed him, to the great delight of Parson Adams, who by these

means saw an Opportunity of fulfilling the Church Forms, and marrying his Parishioners without a Licence.

Mr. Adams greatly exulting on this Occasion, (for such Ceremonies were Matters of no small moment with him) accidentally gave Spurs to his Horse, which the generous Beast disdaining, for he was high of Mettle, and had been used to more expert Riders than the Gentleman who at present bestrode him: for whose Horsemanship he had perhaps some Contempt, immediately ran away full speed, and played so many antic Tricks, that he tumbled the Parson from his Back; which Joseph perceiving, came to his Relief. This Accident afforded infinite Merriment to the Servants, and no less frighted poor Fanny, who beheld him as he past by the Coach; but the Mirth of the one, and Terror of the other were soon determined, when the Parson declared he had received no Damage.

The Horse having freed himself from his unworthy Rider, as he probably thought him, proceeded to make the best of his way; but was stopped by a Gentleman and his Servants, who were travelling the opposite way; and were now at a little distance from the Coach. They soon met; and as one of the Servants delivered Adams his Horse, his Master hailed him, and Adams looking up, presently recollected he was the Justice of Peace before whom he and Fanny had made their Appearance. The Parson presently saluted him very kindly; and the Justice informed him, that he had found the Fellow who attempted to swear against him and the young Woman the very next day, and had committed him to Salisbury Goal, where he was charged with many Robberies.

Many Compliments having past between the Parson and the Justice, the latter proceeded on his Journey, and the former having with some disdain refused Joseph's Offer of changing Horses; and declared he was as able a Horseman as any in the Kingdom, remounted his Beast; and now the Company again proceeded, and happily arrived at their Journey's End, Mr. Adams by good Luck, rather than by good Riding, escaping a second Fall.

The Company arriving at Mr. Booby's House, were all received by him in the most courteous, and entertained in the most splendid manner, after the Custom of the old English Hospitality, which is still preserved in some very few Families in the remote Parts of England. They all past that Day with the utmost Satisfaction; it being perhaps impossible to find any Set of People more solidly and sincerely

happy. Joseph and Fanny found means to be alone upwards of two Hours, which were the shortest but the sweetest imaginable.

with him to his Mother; which, notwithstanding his dutiful Inclinations, and a longing Desire he had to see her, a little concerned him as he must be obliged to leave his Funny: But the Goodness of Mr. Booby relieved him; for he proposed to send his own Coach and six for Mrs. Wilson, whom Pamela so very earnestly invited, that Mr. Wilson at length agreed with the Entreaties of Mr. Booby and Joseph, and suffered the Coach to go empty for his Wife.

On Saturday Night the Coach return'd with Mrs. Wilson, who added one more to this happy Assembly. The Reader may imagine much better and quicker too than I can describe, the many Embraces and Tears of Joy which succeeded her Arrival. It is sufficient to say, she was easily prevailed with to follow her Husband's Example, in consenting to the Match.

On Sunday Mr. Adams performed the Service at the Squire's Parish Church, the Curate of which very kindly exchanged Duty, and rode twenty Miles to the Lady Booby's Parish, so to do; being particularly charged not to omit publishing the Banns, being the third and last Time.

Joseph, whose Eyes sparkled Fire, led to Church, the whole Family possession of all his Wishes. He arose and drest himself in a neat, but Modesty of Fanny, unless the true Christian Piety of Adams, who nothing was so remarkable, as the extraordinary and unaffected attending, where Mr. Adams performed the Ceremony; at which and tied with a Cherry-coloured Ribbon. In this Dress she came all she would accept; for she wore one of her own short round-ear'd equipped her with a Pair of fine white Thread Stockings, which were Kind, and had an Edging of Lace round the Bosom; she likewise Her Shift indeed, which Pamela presented her, was of the finest to attire herself in nothing richer than a white Dimity Night-Gown. Finery; as did Fanny likewise, who could be prevailed on by Pamela plain Suit of Mr. Booby's, which exactly fitted him; for he refused all Place, and so solemn an Occasion. Our Parson would have done no publickly rebuked Mr. Booby and Pamela for laughing in so sacred a forth from her Chamber, blushing, and breathing Sweets; and was by Caps, and over it a little Straw Hat, lined with Cherry-coloured Silk, At length the happy Day arrived, which was to put foseph in the

less to the highest Prince on Earth: For tho' he paid all Submission and Deference to his Superiors in other Matters, where the least Spice of Religion intervened, he immediately lost all Respect of Persons. It was his Maxim, That he was a Servant of the Highest, and could not, without departing from his Duty, give up the least Article of his Honour, or of his Cause, to the greatest earthly Potentate. Indeed he always asserted, that Mr. Adams at Church with his Surplice on, and Mr. Adams without that Ornament, in any other place, were two very different Persons.

When the Church Rites were over, Joseph led his blooming Bride back to Mr. Booby's (for the Distance was so very little, they did not think proper to use a Coach) the whole Company attended them likewise on foot; and now a most magnificent Entertainment was provided, at which Parson Adams demonstrated an Appetite surprizing, as well as surpassing every one present. Indeed the only Persons who betrayed any Deficiency on this Occasion, were those on whose account the Feast was provided. They pampered their Imaginations with the much more exquisite Repast which the Approach of Night promised them; the Thoughts of which filled both their Minds, tho's with different Sensations; the one all Desire, while the other had her Wishes tempered with Fears.

and her Sister. She was soon undrest; for she had no Jewels to arrived, when Fanny retired with her Mother, her Mother-in-law, well filled with Ale and Pudding, had given a Loose to more by the strictest Decency; in which, however, Parson Adams, being Sweetness: but to comprehend her entirely, conceive Youth, Health, adequate Idea of this lovely young Creature! the Bloom of Roses and could divest herself of none. How, Reader, shall I give thee an off Ornaments: For as all her Charms were the Gifts of Nature, she deposite in their Caskets, nor fine Laces to fold with the nicest Facetiousness than was usual to him: The happy, the blest Moment all these in their utmost Perfection, and you may place the charming Bloom, Beauty, Neatness, and Innocence in her Bridal-Bed; conceive Exactness. Undressing to her was properly discovering, not putting Fanny's Picture before your Eyes. Lillies might a little illustrate her Complexion, or their Smell her At length, after a Day past with the utmost Merriment, corrected

foseph no sooner heard she was in Bed, than he fled with the utmost Eagerness to her. A Minute carried him into her Arms,

where we shall leave this happy Couple to enjoy the private Rewards of their Constancy; Rewards so great and sweet, that I apprehend Joseph neither envied the noblest Duke, nor Fanny the finest Duchess that Night.

The third Day, Mr. Wilson and his Wife, with their Son and Daughter returned home; where they now live together in a State of Bliss scarce ever equalled. Mr. Booby hath with unprecedented Generosity given Fanny a Fortune of two thousand Pound, which Joseph hath laid out in a little Estate in the same Parish with his Father, which he now occupies, (his Father having stock'd it for him;) and Fanny presides, with most excellent Management in his Dairy; where, however, she is not at present very able to bustle much, being, as Mr. Wilson informs me in his last Letter, extremely big with her first Child.

Mr. Booby hath presented Mr. Adams with a Living of one hundred and thirty Pounds a Year. He at first refused it, resolving not to quit his Parishioners, with whom he hath lived so long: But on recollecting he might keep a Curate at this Living, he hath been lately inducted into it.

The Pedlar, besides several handsome Presents both from Mr. Wilson and Mr. Booby, is, by the latter's Interest, made an Exciseman; a Trust which he discharges with such Justice, that he is greatly beloved in his Neighbourhood.

As for the Lady Booby, she returned to London in a few days, where a young Captain of Dragoons, together with eternal Parties at Cards, soon obliterated the Memory of Joseph.

Joseph remains blest with his Fanny, whom he doats on with the utmost Tenderness, which is all returned on her side. The Happiness of this Couple is a perpetual Fountain of Pleasure to their fond Parents; and what is particularly remarkable, he declares he will imitate them in their Retirement; nor will be prevailed on by any Booksellers, or their Authors, to make his Appearance in High-Life.\*

#### AN

# APOLOGY

FOR THE

## LIFI

OF

## Mrs. SHAMELA ANDREWS.

In which, the many notorious Falshoods and Misrepresent ations of a Book called

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LONDON:

Printed for A. Dodd, at the Peacock, without Temple-bar M. DCC. XLI.

## An Apology for the Life of Mrs. SHAMELA ANDREWS

Parson TICKLETEXT\* to Parson OLIVER.\*

Rev. SIR,

Ha little Book which this Winter hath produced; of which, I make no Doubt, you have already heard mention from some of your Neighbouring Clergy; for we have made it our common Business here, not only to cry it up, but to preach it up likewise: The Pulpit, as well as the Coffee-house, hath resounded with its Praise,\* and it is expected shortly, that his L——p will recommend it in a ——Letter\* to our whole Body.

And this Example, I am confident, will be imitated by all our Cloth in the Country: For besides speaking well of a Brother, in the Character of the Reverend Mr. Williams, the useful and truly religious Doctrine of Grace is every where inculcated.

This Book is the 'Soul of Religion, Good-Breeding, Discretion, Good-Nature, Wit, Fancy, Fine Thought, and Morality. There is an Ease, a natural Air, a dignified Simplicity, and MEASURED FULL-NESS in it, that RESEMBLING LIFE, OUT-GLOWS IT. The Author hath reconciled the pleasing to the proper; the Thought is every where exactly cloathed by the Expression; and becomes its Dress as roundly and as close as Pamela her Country Habit; or as she doth her no Habit, when modest Beauty seeks to hide itself, by casting off the Pride of Ornament, and displays itself without any Covering; which it frequently doth in this admirable Work, and presents Images to the Reader, which the coldest Zealot cannot read without Emotion.

For my own Part (and, I believe, I may say the same of all the Clergy of my Acquaintance) 'I have done nothing but read it to others, and hear others again read it to me, ever since it came into my Hands; and I find I am like to do nothing else, for I know not how long yet to come: because if I lay the Book down it comes after me. When it has dwelt all Day long upon the Eat, it takes Possession all

Night of the Fancy. It hath Witchcraft in every Page of it.'\*——Oh! I feel an Emotion even while I am relating this: Methinks I see *Pamela* at this Instant, with all the Pride of Ornament cast off.

sufficient to teach us as much Morality as we want. Dost thou not compared it to." into a Resemblance of that Heaven, which the best of good Books has diminutive mere Grain of Mustard-seed (a poor Girl's little, &c.) mentioning the Name of a Book so unequal to thine: But, now I Mankind, if all other Books were burnt, that we might do nothing Imagination must be truly prodigious! It has stretched out this lent it to and concealed it in Nature. The Comprehensiveness of his 'he possesses every Quality that Art could have charm'd by: yet hath hitherto been able to hide such an encircling, all-mastering Spirit, think of it, who is the Author, where is he, what is he, that hath these the whole Duty of Man?\* Forgive me, O Author of Pamela, teach us to pray, to sing Psalms, and to honour the Clergy? Are not but read thee all Day, and dream of thee all Night. Thou alone art which thou wilt find nothing like thy self." Happy would it be for 'Little Book, charming Pamela, get thee gone; face the World, in

To be short, this Book will live to the Age of the Patriarchs, and like them will carry on the good Work many hundreds of Years hence, among our Posterity, who will not HESTATE their Esteem with Restraint.\* If the Romans granted Exemptions to Men who begat a few Children for the Republick, what Distinction (if Policy and we should ever be reconciled) should we find to reward this Father of Millions, which are to owe Formation to the future Effect of his Influence.\*—I feel another Emotion.

As soon as you have read this your self five or six Times over (which may possibly happen within a Week) I desire you would give it to my little God-Daughter, as a Present from me. This being the only Education we intend henceforth to give our Daughters. And pray let your Servant-Maids read it over, or read it to them. Both your self and the neighbouring Clergy, will supply yourselves for the Pulpit from the Booksellers, as soon as the fourth Edition\* is published. I am,

Si

Your most humble Servant,

THO. TICKLETEXT.

## Parson OLIVER to Parson TICKLETEXT.

Rev. SIR,

Received the Favour of yours with the inclosed Book, and really must own myself sorry, to see the Report I have heard of an epidemical Phrenzy now raging in Town, confirmed in the Person of my Friend.

If I had not known your Hand, I should, from the Scntiments and Stile of the Letter, have imagined it to have come from the Author of the famous Apology,\* which was sent me last Summer; and on my reading the remarkable Paragraph of measured Fulness, that resembling Life out-glows it, to a young Baronet, he cry'd out, C—-by C—b—r by G——. But I have since observed, that this, as well as many other Expressions in your Letter, was borrowed from those remarkable Epistles, which the Author, or the Editor hath prefix'd to the second Edition which you send me of his Book.

of the Universe, will always attend those, who really deserve these or will be the Generality of Mankind) and the extatick Pleasure of science, the Approbation of the Wise and Good, (which never were meant, it is what their Predecessors in the pure and primitive Age, sorry to see them so solicitous about it; for if worldly Honour be tion. And if this be the Road to worldly Honours, God forbid the sities, or even Conveniencies, but to pamper their Avarice and Ambiready to invent and maintain Schemes repugnant to the Interest, the possessed by Men, who are notorious for Luxury, Pride, Cruelty, Force and Fraud, we sometimes see them in an eminent Degree Blessings: But for worldly Honours, they are often the Purchase of contemplating, that their Ways are acceptable to the Great Creator never had or sought. Indeed the secure Satisfaction of a good Con-Support? God forbid they should. As for Honour to the Clergy, I am or think the Cause of Religion, or Morality, can want such slender Clergy should be even suspected of walking in it.\* Liberty, and the Happiness of Mankind, not to supply their Neces-Treachery, and the most abandoned Prostitution; Wretches who are Is it possible that you or any of your Function can be in earnest,

The History of *Pamela* I was acquainted with long before I received it from you, from my Neighbourhood to the Scene of Action. Indeed I was in hopes that young Woman would have contented herself with the Good-fortune she hath attained, and rather

suffered her little Arts to have been forgotten than have revived their Remembrance, and endeavoured by perverting and misrepresenting Facts to be thought to deserve what she now enjoys: for though we do not imagine her the Author of the Narrative itself, yet we must suppose the Instructions were given by her, as well as the Reward, to the Composer. Who that is, though you so earnestly require of me, I shall leave you to guess from that Ciceronian Eloquence, with which the Work abounds; and that excellent Knack of making every Character amiable, which he lays his hands on.

But before I send you some Papers relating to this Matter, which will set *Pamela* and some others in a very different Light, than that in which they appear in the printed Book, I must beg leave to make some few Remarks on the Book itself, and its Tendency, (admitting it to be a true Relation,) towards improving Morality, or doing any good, either to the present Age, or Posterity: which when I have done, I shall, I flatter myself, stand excused from delivering it, either into the hands of my Daughter, or my Servant-Maid.

The Instruction which it conveys to Servant-Maids, is, I think, very plainly this, To look out for their Masters as sharp as they can. The Consequences of which will be, besides Neglect of their Business, and the using all manner of Means to come at Ornaments of their Persons, that if the Master is not a Fool, they will be debauched by him; and if he is a Fool, they will marry him. Neither of which, I apprehend, my good Friend, we desire should be the Case of our Sons.\*

And notwithstanding our Author's Professions of Modesty, which in my Youth I have heard at the Beginning of an Epilogue, I cannot agree that my Daughter should entertain herself with some of his Pictures; which I do not expect to be contemplated without Emotion, unless by one of my Age and Temper, who can see the Girl lie on her Back, with one Arm round Mrs. Jewkes and the other round the Squire, naked in Bed, with his Hand on her Breasts, &c.\* with as much Indifference as I read any other Page in the whole Novel. But surely this, and some other Descriptions, will not be put into the hands of his Daughter by any wise Man, though I believe it will be difficult for him to keep them from her; especially if the Clergy in Town have cried and preached it up as you say.

But, my Friend, the whole Narrative is such a Misrepresentation of Facts, such a Perversion of Truth, as you will, I am perswaded, agree, as soon as you have perused the Papers I now inclose to you,

that I hope you or some other well-disposed Person, will communiscate these Papers to the Publick, that this little Jade may not impose on the World, as she hath on her Master.

The true name of this Wench was SHAMELA, and not Pamela, as she stiles herself. Her Father had in his Youth the Misfortune to appear in no good Light at the Old-Buily; he afterwards served in the Capacity of a Drummer in one of the Scotch Regiments in the Dutch Service;\* where being drummed out, he came over to England, and turned Informer against several Persons on the late Gin-Act;\* and becoming acquainted with an Hostler at an Inn, where a Scotch Gentleman's Horse stood, he hath at last by his Interest obtain'd a pretty snug Place in the Custom-house. Her Mother sold Oranges in the Play-House;\* and whether she was married to her Father or no, I never could learn.

After this short Introduction, the rest of her History will appear in the following Letters, which I assure you are authentick.

#### LETTER I.

SHAMELA ANDREWS to Mrs. HENRIETTA MARIA HONORA
ANDREWS at her Lodgings at the Fan and Pepper-Box\* m Drury-Lane.\*

Dear Mamma,

Monday, desiring you, that I shall set out in the Waggon on Monday, desiring you to commodate me with a Ludgin, as near you as possible, in Coulstin's-Court, or Wild-Street, or somewhere thereabouts; pray let it be handsome, and not above two Stories high: For Parson Williams hath promised to visit me when he comes to Town, and I have got a good many fine Cloaths of the Old Put\* my Mistress's, who died a wil ago; and I beleve Mrs. Jervis will come along with me, for she says she would like to keep a House somewhere about Short's-Gardens, or towards Queen-Street; and if there was convenience for a Bannio,\* she should like it the better; but that she will settle herself when she comes to Town.—O! How I long to be in the Balconey at the Old House\*—so no more at present from

Your affectionate Daughter,

SHAMELA

### LETTER II.

SHAMELA ANDREWS to HENRIETTA MARIA HONORA ANDREWS.

Dear Mamma.

WHAT News, since I writ my last! the young Squire hath been here, and as sure as a Gun he hath taken a Fancy to me; Pannela, says he, (for so I am called here) you was a great Favourite of your late Mistress's; yes, an't please your Honour, says I; and I believe you deserved it, says he; thank your Honour for your good Opinion, says I; and then he took me by the Hand, and I pretended to be shy: Laud, says I, Sir, I hope you don't intend to be rude; no, says he, my Dear, and then he kissed me, 'till he took away my Breath—and I pretended to be Angry, and to get away, and then he kissed me again, and breathed very short, and looked very silly; and by Ill-Luck Mrs. Jervis came in, and had like to have spoiled Sport.—How troublesome is such Interruption! You shall hear now soon, for I shall not come away yet, so I rest,

Your affectionate Daughter,

SHAMELA.

### LETTER III.

HENRIETTA MARIA HONORA ANDREWS to SHAMELA ANDREWS.

Dear Sham,

Your last Letter hath put me into a great hurry of Spirits, for you have a very difficult Part to act. I hope you will remember your Slip with Parson Williams, and not be guilty of any more such Folly. Truly, a Girl who hath once known what is what, is in the highest Degree inexcusable if she respects her Digressions; but a Hint of this is sufficient. When Mrs. Jervis thinks of coming to Town, I believe I can procure her a good House, and fit for the Business, so I am,

Your affectionate Mother,

HENRIETTA MARIA HONORA ANDREWS.

LETTER VI

#### LETTER IV.

# SHAMELA ANDREWS to HENRIETTA MARIA HONORA ANDREWS

MARRY come up, good Madam, the Mother had never looked into the Oven for her Daughter, if she had not been there herself. I shall never have done if you upbraid me with having had a small One by Arthur Williams, when you yourself—but I say no more. O! What fine Times when the Kettle calls the Pot. Let me do what I will, I say my Prayers as often as another, and I read in good Books, as often as I have Leisure; and Parson William says, that will make amends.—So no more, but I rest

Your afflicted Daughter,

S

#### LETTER V.

## HENRIETTA MARIA HONORA ANDREWS 10 SHAMELA ANDREWS.

Dear Child,

Will you give such way to your Passion? How could you imagine I should be such a Simpleton, as to upbraid thee with being thy Mother's own Daughter! When I advised you not to be guilty of Folly, I meant no more than that you should take care to be well paid before-hand, and not trust to Promises, which a Man seldom keeps, after he hath had his wicked Will. And seeing you have a rich Fool to deal with, your not making a good Market will be the more inexcusable; indeed, with such Gentlemen as Parson Williams, there is more to be said; for they have nothing to give, and are commonly otherwise the best Sort of Men. I am glad to hear you read good Books, pray continue so to do. I have inclosed one of Mr. Whitefield's Sermons, and also the Dealings with him,\* and am

Your affectionate Mother,

HENRIETTA MARIA, &c.

# SHAMELA ANDREWS 10 HENRIETTA MARIA HONORA ANDREWS.

so I will; with that he caught me in his Arms, and kissed me till he away he went out of the Room. I was so mad to be sure I could have better not offer to be rude; well, says he, no more I won't then; and began to offer to touch my Under-Petticoat. Sir, says I, you had come hither —— Yes to be sure, says I; why don't you come, says he; still, and my Master cryed out, Hussy, Slut, Saucebox, Boldface, out at the Door; but when I came to the End of the Room, I stood made my Face all over Fire. Now this served purely you know, to put he run up, caught me in his Arms, and flung me upon a Chair, and you, says he; I shan't come to you I assure you, says I. Upon which what should I come for, says I; if you don't come to me, I'll come to upon the Fool for Anger. O! What precious Fools Men are! And so I Mind to kick your A---. You, kiss --- says I. A-gad, says he, and pretty Words, says I, pert again. - Yes (says he) you are a dwarrant you Rochester's Poems. \*-No, for sooth, says I, as pertly as to be sure he is a precious One. Pamela, says he, what Book is that, I impudent, stinking, cursed, confounded Jade, and I have a great I could; why how now Saucy Chops, Boldface, says he-Mighty lung from him in a mighty Rage, and pretended as how I would go that charming Book about the Dealings, in comes my Master-Madam, I have strange Things to tell you! As I was reading in

Oh what a prodigious Vexation it is to a Woman to be made a Fool of.

Mrs. Jervis, who had been without, harkening, now came to me.

She burst into a violent Laugh the Moment she came in. Well, says she, as soon as she could speak, I have reason to bless myself that I am an Old Woman. Ah Child! if you had known the Jolly Blades of my Age, you would not have been left in the Lurch in this manner. Dear Mrs. Jervis, says I, don't laugh at one; and to be sure I was a little angry with her.—Come, says she, my dear Honey-suckle, I have one Game to play for you; he shall see you in Bed; he shall, my little Rose-bud, he shall see those pretty, little, white, round, panting—and offer'd to pull off my Handkerchief.—Fie, Mrs. Jervis, says I, you make me blush, and upon my Fackins,\* I believe she did: She went on thus. I know the Squire likes you, and notwithstanding

and then I snapt my Fingers Business ---- or else cross-legged, is the Word, faith, with Sham for me, and all my Heirs, all my whole Life-time, shall do the nothing under a regular taking into Keeping, a settled Settlement, away in the Morning, what they gave over Night. No, Mrs. Jervis. know, Madam, I have) that in her Youth, Fellows have often taken do, Mrs. Jervis, answered I. I have heard my Mamma say, (and so you your Will, he will not give any thing to come at all ---... This will not Person; and that you know he may easily think he obtains against inflamed him, by giving his Hand a Liberty, with that charming besides abundance of fine Things; and do you think, when you have marry forbid, says she, you know he hath large Sums of Money, a Fool for nothing. Thank you for that, Mrs. Jervis. For nothing my self to him, would you; you would have me be a second Time Squires, say I.—And so, Mrs. Jervis, says I, you would have me yield Possession: and then if you are disappointed, a Plague of all young feit Sleep, and after a Swoon; so that he will have you naked in his he doth, he shall find us ready to receive him. I will at first countercare it shall be so; I warrant that he makes the second Trial; which if last Night at our Door, trying if it was open, now to-night I will take municated some of his Warmth to thee my little Angel; I heard him Blood in his Veins, which will not let him rest, 'till he hath comthe Aukwardness of his Proceeding, I am convinced hath some hot

## Thursday Night, Twelve o'Clock.

Mrs. Jervis and I are just in Bed, and the Door unlocked; if my Master should come—Odsbobs!\* I hear him just coming in at the Door. You see I write in the present Tense, as Parson Williams says. Well, he is in Bed between us, we both shamming a Sleep, he steals his Hand into my Bosom, which I, as if in my Sleep, press close to me with mine, and then pretend to awake.—I no sooner see him, but I scream out to Mrs. Jervis, she feigns likewise but just to come to herself; we both begin, she to becall, and I to bescratch very liberally. After having made a pretty free Use of my Fingers, without any great Regard to the Parts I attack'd, I counterfeit a Swoon. Mrs. Jervis then cries out, O, Sit, what have you done, you have murthered poor Pamela: she is gone, she is gone.—

O what a Difficulty it is to keep one's Countenance, when a violent Laugh desires to burst forth.

and, in his Shirt, sat down by my Bed-Side, pale and trembling, for the Moon shone, and I kept my Eyes wide open, and pretended to fix them in my Head. Mrs. Jervis apply'd Lavender Water, and Hartshorn, and this, for a full half Hour; when thinking I had carried it on long enough, and being likewise unable to continue the Sport any longer, I began by Degrees to come to my self.

The Squire who had sat all this while speechless, and was almost really in that Condition, which I feigned, the Moment he saw me give Symptoms of recovering my Senses, fell down on his Knees; and O Pamela, cryed he, can you forgive me, my injured Maid? by Heaven, I know not whether you are a Man or a Woman, unless by your swelling Breasts. Will you promise to forgive me: I forgive you! D—n you (says I) and d—n you, says he, if you come to that. I wish I had never seen your bold Face, saucy Sow, and so went out of the Room.

O what a silly Fellow is a bashful young Lover!

He was no sooner out of hearing, as we thought, than we both burst into a violent Laugh. Well, says Mrs. Jervis, I never saw any thing better acted than your Part: But I wish you may not have discouraged him from any future Attempt; especially since his Passions are so cool, that you could prevent his Hands going further than your Bosom. Hang him, answer'd I, he is not quite so cold as that I assure you; our Hands, on neither Side, were idle in the Scuffle, nor have left us any Doubt of each other as to that matter.

## Friday Morning.

My Master sent for Mrs. Jervis, as soon as he was up, and bid her give an Account of the Plate and Linnen in her Care; and told her, he was resolved that both she and the little Gipsy (I'll assure him) should set out together. Mrs. Jervis made him a saucy Answer; which any Servant of Spirit, you know would, tho' it should be one's Ruin; and came immediately in Tears to me, crying, she had lost her Place on my Account, and that she should be forced to take to a House, as I mentioned before; and, that she hoped I would, at least, make her all the amends in my power, for her Loss on my Account, and come to her House whenever I was sent for. Never fear, says I. I'll warrant we are not so near being turned away, as you imagine; and, 'cod, now it comes into my Head, I have a Fetch for him, and you shall assist me

Sure Women are great Fools, when they prefer a laced Coat to the Cyrgy, whom it is our Duty to honour and respect.

other good Things; I with I could remember them all and to repent, what we do, but what we believe, that must save us, and a great many don't do it for the cake of Religion. That those People who talk of Church, and People very over-mi Vartue and Morality tell, on Sunday Parson Williams came, according to his Promise excellent Sermon he preached; his Text was, Be not Righteous ch;\* and, indeed, he handled it in a very fine way; he shewed Bible doth not require too much Goodness of us, and that often call things Goodness that are not so. That to go to to pray, and to sing Psalms, and to honour the Clergy, is true Religion; and 'tis not doing good to one s one of the greatest Sins we can commit, when we are the wickedest of all Persons. That 'tis not

As soon as Church was over, he came to the Squire's House, and drank Tea with Mrs. *Tewkes* and me; after which Mrs. *Jewkes* went out and left us together for an Hour and half —— Oh! he is a charming Man.

did me in liking me, and that it was both an inexcusable Folly and she, you are not so mighty modest when you are with Parson Wiltrust to. If I part with that, what will become of me. Methinks, says I, consider I am a poor Girl, and have bothing but my Modesty to herself. Then she proceeded to tell me what an Honour my Master catechize me, about my Familiar ty with him. I see she wants him and you will only shew that you are jealous of hin, and that's all sort of Man he is; you may do your Will, says I, as long as he hath a Pride in me, to pretend to refuse him any Favour. Pray, Madam, says no more at Present, from scratched her Face, i'cod, 'till she went crying out of the Room; so I; with that she hit me a Slap on the Shoulder, and I flow at her and How now, Mynx, says she; Mynx! No more Mynx than yourself, says Vote for Pallamant-Men, the Squire dares do nothing to offend him; hath made me blush. I assure you, I shall let the Squire know what liams; I have observed you gloat at one another, in a Manner that After Supper he went Hone, and then Mrs. Jewkes began to

Your Dutiful Daughter,

SHAMELA.

SHAMELA ANDREWS 10 HENRIETTA MARIA HONORA ANDREWS.

LETTER X

O Letter was brought me from the Squire, of which I send you a Copy.

## Squire BOOBY to PAMELA.

Dear Creature,

HOPE you are not angry with me for the Deceit put upon you, in London. Indeed, my dear Pamela, I cannot live without you; and will very shortly come down and convince you, that my Designs are better than you imagine, and such as you may with Honour comply with. I am,

My Dear Creature, Your doting Lover,

Воов

Now, Mamma, what think you ?—For my own Part, I am convinced he will marry me, and faith so he shall. O! Bless me! I shall be Mrs. Booby, and be Mistress of a great Estate, and have a dozen Coaches and Six, and a fine House at London, and another at Bath, and Servants, and Jewels, and Plate, and go to Plays, and Opera's, and Court; and do what I will, and spend what I will. But, poor Parson Williams! Well; and can't I see Parson Williams, as well after Marriage as before: For I shall never care a Farthing for my Husband. No, I hate and despise him of all Things.

Well, as soon as I had read my Letter, in came Mrs. Jewkes. You see, Madam, says she, I carry the Marks of your Passion about me; but I have received Order from my Master to be civil to you, and I must obey him: For he is the best Man in the World, notwithstanding your Treatment of him. My Treatment of him; Madam, says I? Yes, says she, your Insensibility to the Honour he intends you, of making you his Mistress. I would have you know, Madam, I would not be Mistress to the greatest King, no nor Lord in the Universe. I walue my Vartue more than I do any thing my Master can give me;

Shamela

and so we talked a full Hour and a half, about my Vartue; and I was afraid at first, she had heard something about the Bantling, but I find she hath not; tho' she is as jealous, and suspicious, as old Scratch.\*

In the Afternoon, I stole into the Garden to meet Mr. Williams; I found him at the Place of his Appointment, and we staid in a kind of Arbour, till it was quite dark. He was very angry when I told him what Mrs. Jewkes had threatned ——Let him refuse me the Living, says he, if he dares, I will vote for the other Party; and not only so, but will expose him all over the Country. I owe him 150 l. indeed, but I don't care for that; by that Time the Election is past, I shall be able to plead the Statue of Lamentations.\*

I could have stayed with the dear Man for ever, but when it grew dark, he told me, he was to meet the neighbouring Clergy, to finish the Barrel of Ale they had tapped the other Day, and believed they should not part till three or four in the Morning—So he left me, and I promised to be penitent, and go on with my reading in good Books.

As soon as he was gone, I bethought myself, what Excuse I should make to Mrs. *Jewkes*, and it came into my Head to pretend as how I intended to drown myself; so I stript off one of my Petticoats, and threw it into the Canal;\* and then I went and hid myself in the Coalhole, where I lay all Night; and comforted myself with repeating over some Psalms, and other good things, which I had got by heart.

In the Morning Mrs. Jewkes and all the Servants were frighted out of their Wits, thinking I had run away; and not devising how they should answer it to their Master. They searched all the likeliest Places they could think of for me, and at last saw my Petticoat floating in the Pond. Then they got a Drag-Net, imagining I was drowned, and intending to drag me out; but at last Moll Cook coming for some Coals, discovered me lying all along in no very good Pickle. Bless mel Mrs. Pamela, says she, what can be the Meaning of this? I don't know, says I, help me up, and I will go in to Breakfast, for indeed I am very hungry. Mrs. Jewkes came in immediately, and was so rejoyced to find me alive, that she asked with great Good-Humour, where I had been? and how my Petticoat came into the Pond. I answered, I believed the Devil had put it into my Head to drown my self; but it was a Fib; for I never saw the Devil in my Life, nor I don't believe he hath any thing to do with me.

So much for this Matter. As soon as I had breakfasted, a Coach and Six came to the Door, and who should be in it but my Master.

I immediately run up into my Room, and stript, and washed, and drest my self as well as I could, and put on my prettiest round-ear'd Cap, and pulled down my Stays, to shew as much as I could of my Bosom, (for Parson *Williams* says, that is the most beautiful part of a Woman) and then I practised over all my Airs before the Glass, and then I sat down and read a Chapter in the Whole Duty of Man.

Then Mrs. Jewkes came to me and told me, my Master wanted me below, and says she, Don't behave like a Fool; No, thinks I to my self, I believe I shall find Wit enough for my Master and you too.

So down goes I into the Parlour to him. *Pamela*, says he, the Moment I came in, you see I cannot stay long from you, which I think is a sufficient Proof of the Violence of my Passion. Yes, Sir, says I, I see your Honour intends to ruin me, that nothing but the Destruction of my Vartue will content you.

O what a charming Word that is, rest his Soul who first invented it.

How can you say I would ruin you, answered the Squire, when you shall not ask any thing which I will not grant you. If that be true, says I, good your Honour let me go Home to my poor but honest Parents; that is all I have to ask, and do not ruin a poor Maiden, who is resolved to carry her Vartue to the Grave with her.

Hussy, says he, don't provoke me, don't provoke me, I say. You are absolutely in my power, and if you won't let me lie with you by fair Means, I will by Force. O Ia, Sir, says I, I don't understand your paw\* Words. —— Very pretty Treatment indeed, says he, to say I use paw Words; Hussy, Gipsie, Hypocrite, Saucebox, Boldface, get out of my Sight, or I will lend you such a Kick in the —— I don't care to repeat the Word, but he meant my hinder part. I was offering to go away, for I was half afraid, when he called me back, and took me round the Neck and kissed me, and then bid me go about my Business.

I went directly into my Room, where Mrs. Jewkes came to me soon afterwards. So Madam, says she, you have left my Master below in a fine Pet, he hath threshed two or three of his Men already: It is mighty pretty that all his Servants are to be punished for your Impertinence.

Harkee, Madam, says I, don't you affront me, for if you do, d—n me (I am sure I have repented for using such a Word) if I am not revenged.

How sweet is Revenge: Sure the Sermon Book is in the Right, in

Shamela

calling it the sweetest Morsel the Devil ever dropped into the Mouth of a Sinner.\*

Mrs. Jewkes remembered the Smart of my Nails too well to go farther, and so we sat down and talked about my Vartue till Dinner-time, and then I was sent for to wait on my Master. I took care to be often caught looking at him, and then I always turn'd away my Eyes and pretended to be ashamed. As soon as the Cloth was removed, he put a Bumper of Champagne into my Hand, and bid me drink ——O la I can't name the Health. Parson Williams may well say he is a wicked Man.

Mrs. Jewkes took a Glass and drank the dear Monysyllable;\* I don't understand that Word but I believe it is baudy. I then drank towards his Honour's good Pleasure. Ay, Hussy, says he, you can give me Pleasure if you will; Sir, says I, I shall be always glad to do what is in my power, and so I pretended not to know what he meant. Then he took me into his Lap.—O Mamma, I could tell you something if I would—and he kissed me—and I said I won't be slobber'd about so, so I won't, and he bid me get out of the Room for a saucy Baggage, and said he had a good mind to spit in my Face.

Sure no Man ever took such a Method to gain a Woman's Heart.

I had not been long in my Chamber before Mrs. Jewkes came to me and told me, my Master would not see me any more that Evening, that is, if he can help it; for, added she, I easily perceive the great Ascendant you have over him; and to confess the Truth, I don't doubt but you will shortly be my Mistress.

What says I, dear Mrs. Jewkes, what do you say? Don't flatter a poor Girl, it is impossible his Honour can have any honourable Design upon me. And so we talked of honourable Designs till Supper-time. And Mrs. Jewkes and I supped together upon a hot buttered Apple-Pie; and about ten o'Clock we went to Bed.

We had not been a Bed half an Hour, when my Master came pit a pat into the Room in his Shirt as before, I pretended not to hear him, and Mrs. Jewkes laid hold of one Arm, and he pulled down the Bedcloaths and came into Bed on the other Side, and took my other Arm and laid it under him, and fell a kissing one of my Breasts as if he would have devoured it; I was then forced to awake, and began to struggle with him, Mrs. Jewkes crying why don't you do it? I have one Arm secure, if you can't deal with the rest I am sorry for you. He

was as rude as possible to me; but I remembered, Mamma, the Instructions you gave me to avoid being ravished, and followed them, which soon brought him to Terms, and he promised me on quitting my hold, that he would leave the Bed.

O Parson Williams, how little are all the Men in the World compared to thee

My Master was as good as his Word; upon which Mrs. Jemkes said, O Sir, I see you know very little of our Sect, by parting so easily from the Blessing when you was so near it. No, Mrs. Jemkes, answered he, I am very glad no more hath happened, I would not have injured Pamela for the World. And to-morrow Morning perhaps she may hear of something to her Advantage. This she may be certain of, that I will never take her by Force, and then he left the Room.

What think you now, Mrs. Pamela, says Mrs. Jewkes, are you not yet persuaded my Master hath honourable Designs? I think he hath given no great Proof of them to-night, said I. Your Experience I find is not great, says she, but I am convinced you will shortly be my Mistress, and then what will become of poor me.

and say he was bewitched. my self in your Way. So I went out, and as I parted, I heard him sigh much as I can; and it shall be mine, thinks I, at every turn to throw than you are, and therefore it shall be my Business to avoid you as let me see your saucy Face no more, for I find I am in more Danger knows himself best, says I. Hussy, says he, get out of the Room, and some Folks, cry'd I; meaning me, I suppose, said he; every Man Simpleton, said he; That may be, and yet I may have as much Wit as poorest Man's Wife, than the richest Man's Whore. You are a value my Vartue more than all the World, and I had rather be the Pamela, said he, what Answer do you make me to this. Sir, said I, I advantagious Offers, as Presents of Money and other Things. Well, my Hand which he bid me read; I did so, and found it to be a early my Master sent for me, and after kissing me, gave a Paper into Proposal for settling 250 l. a Year on me, besides several other With such Sort of Discourse we both fell asleep. Next Morning

Mrs. Jewkes hath been with me since, and she assures me she is convinced I shall shortly be Mistress of the Family, and she really behaves to me, as if she already thought me so. I am resolved now to aim at it. I thought once of making a little Fortune by my Person. I

now intend to make a great one by my Vartue. So asking Pardon for this long Scroll, I am,

Your dutiful Daughter,

SHAMELA.

### LETTER XI.

# HENRIETTA MARIA HONORA ANDREWS to SHAMELA ANDREWS.

Dear Sham,

I RECEIVED your last Letter with infinite Pleasure, and am convinced it will be your own Fault if you are not married to your Master, and I would advise you now to take no less Terms. But, my dear Child, I am afraid of one Rock only, That Parson Williams, I wish he was out of the Way. A Woman never commits Folly but with such Sort of Men, as by many Hints in the Letters I collect him to be: but, consider, my dear Child, you will hereafter have Opportunities sufficient to indulge yourself with Parson Williams, or any other you like. My Advice therefore to you is, that you would avoid seeing him any more till the Knot is tied. Remember the first Lesson I taught you, that a Married Woman injures only her Husband, but a Single Woman herself. I am, in hopes of seeing you a great Lady,

Your affectionate Mother,

HENRIETTA MARIA, Gc.

The following Letter seems to have been written before Shamela received the last from her Mother.

### LETTER XII.

# SHAMELA ANDREWS to HENRIETTA MARIA HONORA ANDREWS.

Dear Mamma,

LITTLE feared when I sent away my last, that all my Hopes would be so soon frustrated; but I am certain you will blame Fortune and not me. To proceed then. About two Hours after I had left the Squire, he sent for me into the Parlout. Pamela, said he, and takes me gently by the Hand, will you walk with me in the Garden; yes, Sir,

of any Man in the World. How, says he, not of Parson Williams! something to tell you, which if it doth not please you, cannot offend. rude. Indeed, says he, you have nothing to fear from me, and I have your Journey this Instant. You deserve no better Vehicle than a Cart; affront me again, and therefore I desixe you to prepare your self for saucy Ears, but I am resolved I will never put it in your power to sure you can have no such Thoughts, you cannot demean your self so suppose I should lay aside all Considerations of Fortune, and disam not worthy of you one Way, and no Riches should ever bribe me be more subcessful? Sir, says I, I do assure you I never had a thought says I, and pretended to tremble; but I hope your Honour will not be I, you can't persuade me of this How Mistress, says he, in a violent regard the Censure of the World, and marry you. O Sir, says I, I am the other. My Dear, says he, you are worthy of every Thing, and Fellow as Parson Wikiams. If ever I had a Liking, I am sure—but I would have no Reason to be jealous of any Rival, especially such a Vartue only, or have I not some Rival in thy dear Bosom who might Truth? Poth the Resistance you make to my Attempts proceed from you within this half Hour; and so he flung from me in a Fury. however, for once you shall have a Charilyt, and it shall be ready for Rage, do you give me the Lie? Husky, I have a great mind to box your low. Upon my Soul, I am in earlyest, says he,—O Pardon me, Sir, says Dutchess, and your Honour was to make your Addresses to me, you Parson Williams, says I, is the last Man upon Earth, and if I was a We walked out together, and he began thus, Pamela, will you tell me

What a foolish Thing it is for a Woman in dally too long with her Lover's Desires; how many have owed their being old Maids to their holding out too long.

with all the Expedition imaginable, for that my Master had ordered the Chariot, and that if I was not prepared to go in it, I should be turned out of Doors and left to find my way Home on Foot. This startled me a little, yet I resolved, whether in the right or wrong, not to submit nor ask Pardon: For that you know, Mamha, you never could your self bring me to from my Childhood: Besides, I thought he would be no more able to master his Passion for me now, than he had been hitherto; and if he sent two Horses away with me, I concluded he would send four to fetch me back. So, truly, I resolved to brazen it out, and with all the Spirit I could muster up, I told Mrs.

The Fate of poor Mr. Williams shocked me more than my own: For, as the Beggar's Opera says, Nothing moves one so much as a great Man in Distress.\* And to see a Man of his Learning forced to submit so low, to one whom I have often heard him say, he despises, is, I think, a most affecting Circumstance. I write all this to you, Dear Mamma, at the Inn where I lie this first Night, and as I shall send it immediately, by the Post, it will be in Town a little before me.—Don't let my coming away vex you: For, as my Master will be in Town in a few Days, I shall have an Opportunity of seeing him; and let the worst come to the worst, I shall be sure of my Settlement at last. Which is all, from

Your Dutiful Daughter,

SHAMELA.

P. S. Just as I was going to send this away a Letter is come from my Master, desiring me to return, with a large Number of Promises.—I have him now as sure as a Gun, as you will perceive by the Letter itself, which I have inclosed to you.

This Letter is unhappily lost, as well as the next which Shamela wrote, and which contained an Account of all the Proceedings previous to her Marriage. The only remaining one which I could preserve, seems to have been written about a Week after the Ceremony as perform'd, and is as follows:

SHAMELA BOOBY to HENRIETTA MARIA HONORA ANDREWS.

Madam.

In my last I left off at our sitting down to Supper on our Wedding Night, where I behaved with as much Bashfulness as the purest Virgin in the World could have done. The most difficult Task for me was to blush; however, by holding my Breath, and squeezing my Cheeks with my Handkerchief, I did pretty well. My Husband was extreamly eager and impatient to have Supper removed, after which he gave me leave to retire into my Closet for a Quarter of an Hour, which was very agreeable to me; for I employed that time in writing to Mr. Williams, who, as I informed you in my last, is released, and

This was the Letter which was lost

presented to the Living, upon the Death of the last Parson. Well, at last I went to Bed, and my Husband soon leapt in after me; where I shall only assure you, I acted my Part in such a manner, that no Bridegroom was ever better satisfied with his Bride's Virginity. And to confess the Truth, I might have been well enough satisfied too, if I had never been acquainted with Parson Williams.

O what regard Men who marry Widows should have to the Qualifications of their former Husbands.

We did not rise the next Morning till eleven, and then we sat down to Breakfast; I eat two Slices of Bread and Butter, and drank three Dishes of Tea, with a good deal of Sugar, and we both look'd very silly. After Breakfast we drest our selves, he in a blue Camlet\* Coat, very richly lac'd, and Breeches of the same; with a Paduasoy\* Wastecoat, laced with Silver; and I, in one of my Mistress's Gowns. I will have finer when I come to Town. We then took a Walk in the Garden, and he kissed me several Times, and made me a Present of 100 one, and ten to another, and so on.

We eat a very hearty Dinner, and about eight in the Evening went to Bed again. He is prodigiously fond of me; but I don't like him half so well as my dear Williams. The next Morning we rose earlier, and I asked him for another hundred Guineas, and he gave them me. I sent fifty to Parson Williams, and the rest I gave away, two Guineas to a Beggar, and three to a Man riding along the Road, and the rest to other People. I long to be in London that I may have an Opportunity of laying some out, as well as giving away. I believe I shall buy every Thing I see. What signifies having Money if one doth not spend it.

The next Day, as soon as I was up, I asked him for another Hundred. Why, my Dear, says he, I don't grudge you any thing, but how was it possible for you to lay out the other two Hundred here. La! Sir, says I, I hope I am not obliged to give you an Account of every Shilling; Troth, that will be being your Servant still. I assure you, I married you with no such view, besides did not you tell me I should be Mistress of your Estate? And I will be too. For tho' I brought no Fortune, I am as much your Wife as if I had brought a Million—yes but, my Dear, says he, if you had brought a Million, you would spend it all at this rate; besides, what will your Expences be in London, if they are so great here. Truly, says I, Sir, I shall live like other Ladies of my Fashion; and if you think, because I was a

into my Expences. It would be hard indeed that a Woman who marpurpose in the sham Fit, I began to move my Eyes, to loosen my counterfeiting, and imagining I had continu'd long enough for my Gold for thy Pleasure. At last having pretty well tired my self with ries a Man only for his Money should be debarred from spending it. fancy I have effectually prevented any farther Refusals or Inquiry Perverseness, and without more Questions fetched me the Money. I than he embraced and kissed me with the eagerest Extacy, asked my this had happened. Speak to me, my Love, I will melt my self into destroy'd her,-would she had spent my whole Estate rather than which he began to beat his Breasts, and cried out, O my dearest Pardon on his Knees for what I had suffered through his Folly and Teeth, and to open my Hands, which Mr. Booby no sooner perceived Angel, curse on my passionate Temper, I have destroy'd her, I have did, it would injure me less than this barbarous Treatment; upon Nose. Mrs. Jewkes told him she fear'd I should never recover, upon heartily to rubbing my Temples, and holding Smelling-Bottles to my Jemkes immediately came in, and she and another of the Maids fell frighted him out of his wits, and he called up the Servants. Mrs. which I burst into Tears, and pretended to fall into a Fit. This reckon you will beat me before a Month's at an End. I am sure if you Sorrow too: For if you begin to use me in this manner already, Sir; yes to my Sorrow, says he, I am afraid—and I am afraid to my Symptoms of it before. O but Times are altered now, I am your Lady, this is a Spirit which I did not expect in you, nor did I ever see any Madam, says he, I don't value a hundred Guineas to oblige you; but might have let it alone. I did not ask you, nor I did not court you shew you, you are mistaken. If you had not cared to marry me, you Servant, that I shall be contented to be governed as you please, I will

Well, after all Things were quiet, we sat down to Breakfast, yet I resolved not to smile once, nor to say one good-natured, or good-humoured Word on any Account.

Nothing can be more prudent in a Wife, than a sullen Backwardness to Reconciliation; it makes a Husband fearful of offending by the Length of his Punishment.

When we were drest, the Coach was by my Desire ordered for an Airing, which we took in it. A long Silence prevailed on both Sides, tho' he constantly squeezed my Hand, and kissed me, and used other Familiarities, which I peevishly permitted. At last, I opened my

Mouth first.—And so, says I, you are sorry you are married?—Pray, my Dear, says he, forget what I said in a Passion. Passion, says I, is apter to discover our Thoughts than to teach us to counterfeit. Well, says he, whether you will believe me or no, I solemnly vow, I would not change thee for the richest Woman in the Universe. No, I warrant you, says I; and yet you could refuse me a nasty hundred Pound. At these very Words, I saw Mr. Williams riding as fast as he could across a Field; and I looked out, and saw a Lease\* of Greyhounds coursing a Hare, which they presently killed, and I saw him alight, and take it from them.

extremely, you was not in my Thoughts, nor, indeed, could be while pice. Look, my Dear, pray look, says he; I believe he is going to turn is not contented to destroy the Game in all other Places, which I with that Parson, whose Family hath been raised from the Dunghill every Fellow she looks at. My Dear, answered he, you injure me give you all this Uneasiness? I am sure, I would never have married a makes you look so Angry and Grim? Doth the Sight of Mr. Williams began with him first; for that is the wisest way. La, Sir, says I; what horribly out of Humour, which I presently imputed to Jealousy. So I behind his Horse, and a fourth he held in his Hand. Hares,\* which I am desirous to preserve, round about this little Copfreely give him leave to do; but hath the Impudence to pursue a few by ours; and who hath received from me twenty Kindnesses, and yet they were covered by so morose a Countenance; I am justly angry Higler.\* To Confess the Truth, he had no less than three ty'd up Woman of whom I had so bad an Opinion, that I must be uneasy at My Husband ordered Robin to drive towards him, and looked

(the Parson himself chid me afterwards for using the Word, tho' it was in his Service.) Here's a Fuss, indeed, about a nasty little pitiful Creature, that is not half so useful as a Cat. You shall not persuade me, that a Man of your Understanding, would quarrel with a Clergyman for such a Trifle. No, no, I am the Hare, for whom poor Parson Williams is persecuted; and Jealousy is the Motive. If you had married one of your Quality Ladies, she would have had Lovers by dozens, she would so; but because you have taken a Servant-Maid, forsooth! You are jealous if she but looks (and then I began to Water) at a poor P——a—a—a—rson in his Pu——u—u—lpit, and then out burst a Flood of Tears.

My Dear, said he, for Heaven's sake dry your Eyes, and don't let him be a Witness of your Tears, which I should be sorry to think might be imputed to my Unkindness; I have already given you some Proofs that I am not jealous of this Parson; I will now give you a very strong One: For I will mount my Horse, and you shall take Williams into the Coach. You may be sure, this Motion pleased me, yet I pretended to make as light of it as possible, and told him, I was sorry his Behaviour had made some such glaring Instance, necessary to the perfect clearing my Character.

He soon came up to Mr. Williams, who had attempted to ride off, but was prevented by one of our Horsemen, whom my Husband sent to stop him. When we met, my Husband asked him how he did with a very good-humoured Air, and told him he perceived he had found good Sport that Morning. He answered pretty moderate, Sir; for that he had found the three Hares tied on to the Saddle dead in a Ditch (winking on me at the same Time) and added he was sorry there was such a Rot among them.

Well, says Mr. Booby, if you please, Mr. Williams, you shall come in and ride with my Wife. For my own part, I will mount on Horseback; for it is fine Weather, and besides, it doth not become me to loll in a Chariot, whilst a Clergyman rides on Horseback.

At which Words, Mr. Booby leapt out, and Mr. Williams leapt in, in an Instant, telling my Husband as he mounted, he was glad to see such a Reformation, and that if he continued his Respect to the Clergy, he might assure himself of Blessings from above.

It was now that the Airing began to grow pleasant to me. Mr. Williams, who never had but one Fault, viz. that he generally smells of Tobacco, was now perfectly sweet; for he had for two Days together enjoined himself as a Penance, not to smoke till he had kissed my Lips. I will loosen you from that Obligation, says I, and observing my Husband looking another way, I gave him a charming Kiss, and then he asked me Questions concerning my Wedding-night; this actually made me blush: I vow I did not think it had been in him.

As he went along, he began to discourse very learnedly, and told me the Flesh and the Spirit were two distinct Matters, which had not the least relation to each other. That all immaterial Substances (those were his very Words) such as Love, Desire, and so forth, were guided by the Spirit: But fine Houses, large Estates, Coaches, and dainty Entertainments were the Product of the Flesh. Therefore, says he,

my Dear, you have two Husbands, one the Object of your Love, and to satisfy your Desire; the other the Object of your Necessity, and to furnish you with those other Conveniences. (I am sure I remember every Word, for he repeated it three Times; O he is very good whenever I desire him to repeat a thing to me three Times he always doth it!) as then the Spirit is preferable to the Flesh, so am I preferable to your other Husband, to whom I am antecedent in Time likewise. I say these things, my Dear, (said he) to satisfie your Conscience. A Fig for my Conscience, said I, when shall I meet you again in the Garden?

My Husband now rode up to the Chariot, and asked us how we did—I hate the Sight of him. Mr. Williams answered very well, at your Service. They then talked of the Weather, and other things, I wished him gone again, every Minute; but all in vain, I had no more Opportunity of conversing with Mr. Williams.

Well; at Dinner Mr. Booby was very civil to Mr. Williams, and told him he was sorry for what had happened, and would make him sufficient Amends, if in his power, and desired him to accept of a Note for fifty Pounds; which he was so good to receive, notwithstanding all that had past, and told Mr. Booby, he hop'd he would be forgiven, and that he would pray for him.

We make a charming Fool of him, i'fackins; Times are finely altered, I have entirely got the better of him, and am resolved never to give him his Humour.

O how foolish it is in a Woman, who hath once got the Reins into her own Hand, ever to quit them again.

After Dinner Mr. Williams drank the Church et cætera; and smiled on me; when my Husband's Turn came, he drank et cætera and the Church; for which he was very severely rebuked by Mr. Williams, it being a high Crime, it seems, to name any thing before the Church. I do not know what Et cetera is, but I believe it is something concerning chusing Pallament-Men; for I asked if it was not a Health to Mr. Booby's Borough, and Mr. Williams with a hearty Laugh answered, Yes, Yes, it is his Borough we mean.\*

I slipt out as soon as I could, hoping Mr. Williams would finish the Squire, as I have heard him say he could easily do, and come to me; but it happened quite otherwise, for in about half an Hour, Booby came to me, and told me he had left Mr. Williams, the Mayor of his Borough, and two or three Aldermen heartily at it, and asked me if I

would go hear Williams sing a Catch, which, added he, he doth to a

the World to nothing like the Sun in a Fog. If the Sun had a Pipe in the whole Corporation were got together, and the Room was in a me, which indeed I scarce had at this Time; for when we returned his Mouth, there would be no Difference. Table, and he hath pure round cherry Cheeks, and his Face look'd all Cloud of Tobacco; Parson Williams was at the upper End of the Every Opportunity of seeing my dear Williams, was agreeable to

will sell them to my Adversary. the Parson, in whom they all place a Confidence, if I don't take care heads, that they don't know their right Hand from their left; and that Scoundrels roaring forth the Principles of honest Men over their some Tea; swearing nothing made him so sick as to hear a Parcel of the rest of the Company; but he refused, and desired me to give him Husband, I advised him to sit down and drink for his Country with of Mr. Williams's Company that Evening, and not at all caring for my Fellow there, who hath talked so much of Shipping,\* at the left Side of Cups, when, says he, I know most of them are such empty Block-I began now to grow uneasy, apprehending I should have no more

who says that the Court-side are in the right on't, and that every nothing about Pollitricks, more than Parson Williams tells me, Christian ought to be on the same with the Bishops. I don't know why I mention this Stuff to you; for I am sure I know

far gone, I was obliged to consent to. jealous, and considering too, that Parson Williams would be pretty to sup in another Room by our selves, which, for fear of making him Company, (which I desired, that I might see Parson Williams again,) dark, and then my Husband proposed, instead of returning to the When we had finished our Tea, we walked in the Garden till it was

Parson in the same House she is fond of. to a spindle-shanked young Squire, she doth not like, when there is a jolly O! what a devilish Thing it is, for a Woman to be obliged to go to Bea

within a few Days. This you may easily guess pleased me; for besides brought me into Humour, and proposed to me a Journey to London, bled about. At last he hit on the only Method, which could have Priviledge of Husbands, and vowed I would not be pulled and tumstanding all he could say or do to please me. I exclaimed against the In the Morning I grew very peevish, and in the Dumps, notwith-

> Things, Parson Williams is, it seems, going thither too, to be instuted.\* that is the Name Mr. Williams hath set him) will ride on Horseback. Cloaths, Jewels, Coaches, Houses, and ten thousand other fine the Desire which I have of shewing my self forth, of buying fine Man in the Chariot with me all the way; and that foolish Booby (for O! what a charming Journey I shall have; for I hope to keep the dear

this, and says, he thinks I should do very well to lay out twenty what is very handsome. Parson Williams hath greatly advised me in Williams says, I may do with a safe Conscience, being now a married if you tell any one so, I shall deny it with all my Might, which Parson am positively resolved, I will not be known to be your Daughter; and remember all my Favours to you will depend on your Secrecy; for I Pounds, and set you up in a little Chandler's Shop: but you must never claim me, nor mention me to any one, I will always allow you my Mother. Therefore we must meet in private only, and if you will one very material Thing; which is that it will look horribly, for a will mention no more Matters to you now. O I had like to have forgot Woman. So I rest, Lady of my Quality and Fashion, to own such a Woman as you for So as I shall have an Opportunity of seeing you so shortly, I think I

Your humble Servant,

SHAMELA.

the rest out of his own Head; you mistake, Child, said he, if you asked more than a few Names of his Customers, and that he made all give my self any Trouble: for the Gentleman who writes Lives, never whispered Parson Williams about that, who answered me, I need not and me, and Parson Williams, to be all great People; for he can make does that Sort of Business for Folks,\* one who can make my Husband, me; he proposed it to Mr. Williams, and offered him a Reward for his to be changed into Pamela; I own I can't imagine what can be said; Mr. Williams says the first Syllabub hath too comical a Sound, so it is black white, it seems. Well, but they say my Name is to be altered, recommend my Husband, when he comes to Town, to a Parson who can be imagined. He is resolved to have a Book made about him and for to be sure I shan't confess any of my Secrets to them, and so I Pains; but he says he never writ any thing of that kind, but will P. S. The strangest Fancy hath enter'd into my Booby's Head, that

Shamela

apprehend any Truths are to be delivered. So far on the contrary, if you had not been acquainted with the Name, you would not have known it to be your own History. I have seen a Piece of his Performance, where the Person, whose Life was written, could he have risen from the Dead again, would not have even suspected he had been aimed at, unless by the Title of the Book, which was superscribed with his Name. Well, all these Matters are strange to me, yet I can't help laughing, to think I shall see my self in a printed Book.

So much for Mrs. Shamela, or Pamela, which I have taken Pains to transcribe from the Originals, sent down by her Mother in a Rage, at the Proposal in her last Letter. The Originals themselves are in my Hands, and shall be communicated to you, if you think proper to make them publick; and certainly they will have their Use. The Character of Shamela, will make young Gentlemen wary how they take the most fatal Step both to themselves and Families, by youthful, hasty and improper Matches; indeed, they may assure themselves, that all such Prospects of Happiness are vain and delusive, and that they sacrifice all the solid Comforts of their Lives, to a very transient Satisfaction of a Passion, which how hot so ever it be, will be soon cooled; and when cooled, will afford them nothing but Repentance.

Can any thing be more miserable, than to be despised by the whole World, and that must certainly be the Consequence; to be despised by the Person obliged, which it is more than probable will be the Consequence, and of which, we see an Instance in Shamela; and lastly to despise one's self, which must be the Result of any Reflection on so weak and unworthy a Choice.

As to the Character of Parson Williams, I am sorry it is a true one. Indeed those who do not know him, will hardly believe it so; but what Scandal doth it throw on the Order to have one bad Member, unless they endeavour to screen and protect him? In him you see a Picture of almost every Vice exposed in nauseous and odious Colours, and if a Clergyman would ask me by what Pattern he should form himself, I would say, Be the reverse of Williams: So far therefore he may be of use to the Clergy themselves, and though God forbid there should be many Williams's amongst them, you and I are too honest to pretend, that the Body wants no Reformation.

To say the Truth, I think no greater Instance of the contrary can be given than that which appears in your Letter. The confederating

to cry up a nonsensical ridiculous Book, (I believe the most extensively so of any ever yet published,) and to be so weak and so wicked as to pretend to make it a Matter of Religion; whereas so far from having any moral Tendency, the Book is by no means innocent: For,

First, There are many lascivious Images in it, very improper to be laid before the Youth of either Sex.\*

2dly, Young Gentlemen are here taught, that to marry their Mother's Chambermaids, and to indulge the Passion of Lust, at the Expence of Reason and Common Sense, is an Act of Religion, Virtue, and Honour; and, indeed the surest Road to Happiness.

3dly, All Chambermaids are strictly enjoyned to look out after their Masters; they are taught to use little Arts to that purpose: And lastly, are countenanced in Impertinence to their Superiours, and in betraying the Secrets of Families.

4thly, In the Character of Mrs. Jewkes Vice is rewarded; whence every Housekeeper may learn the Usefulness of pimping and bawding for her Master.

5thly, In Parson Williams, who is represented as a faultless Character, we see a busy Fellow, intermeddling with the private Affairs of his Patron, whom he is very ungratefully forward to expose and condemn on every Occasion.

Many more Objections might, if I had Time or Inclination, be made to this Book; but I apprehend, what hath been said is sufficient to perswade you of the use which may arise from publishing an Antidote to this Poison. I have therefore sent you the Copies of these Papers, and if you have Leisure to communicate them to the Press, I will transmit you the Originals, tho' I assure you, the Copies are exact.

I shall only add, that there is not the least Foundation for any thing which is said of Lady *Davers*, or any of the other Ladies; all that is merely to be imputed to the Invention of the Biographer. I have particularly enquired after Lady *Davers*, and don't hear Mr. *Booby* hath such a Relation, or that there is indeed any such Person existing. I am,

Dear Sir,
Most faithfully and respectfully,
Your humble Servant,
J. OLIVER.

Parson TICKLETEXT to Parson OLIVER.

Dear SIR.

HAVE read over the History of Shamela, as it appears in those authentick Copies you favour me with, and am very much ashamed of the Character, which I was hastily prevailed on to give that Book. I am equally angry with the pert Jade herself, and with the Author of her Life: For I scarce know yet to whom I chiefly owe an Imposition, which hath been so general, that if Numbers could defend me from Shame, I should have no Reason to apprehend it.

As I have your implied Leave to publish, what you so kindly sent me, I shall not wait for the Originals, as you assure me the Copies are exact, and as I am really impatient to do what I think a serviceable Act of Justice to the World.

Finding by the End of her last Letter, that the little Hussy was in Town, I made it pretty much my Business to enquire after her, but with no effect hitherto: As soon as I succeed in this Enquiry, you shall hear what Discoveries I can learn. You will pardon the Shortness of this Letter, as you shall be troubled with a much longer very soon: And believe me,

Dear Sir,
Your most faithful Servant,
Tho. Tickletext.

P. S. Since I writ, I have a certain Account, that Mr. Booby hath caught his Wife in bed with Williams; hath turned her off, and is prosecuting him in the spiritual Court.

FINIS.

## APPENDIX I

## THE DEDICATION TO CONYERS IIDDLETON'S HISTORY OF THE LIFE OF MARCUS TULLIUS CICERO (1741)

Among Fielding's literary targets in both Joseph Andrews and Shamela is Conyers Middleton's Life of Cicero, and specifically its fulsome dedication to Lord Hervey. The dedication is closely parodicd in Shamela (pp. 307–8) and mocked again in Joseph Andrews (pp. 207, 274). The body of the work escapes the mockery, however, and Fielding later cited it with approval in his preduce to An Enquiry into the Causes of the Late Increase of Robbers (1749). The text is from the first edition of February 1741; Fielding later owned a copy of the fourth edition of 1750 (Frederick G. Ribble and Anne G. Ribble, Fielding's Library: An Annotated Catologue (Charlottesville: Bibliographical Society of the University of Virginia, 1996), 219).

To the RIGHT HONORABLE JOHN Lord HERVEY, Lord Keeper of His Majerty's Privy Seal.

MY LORD,

THE public will naturally expect, that in chusing a Patron for the Life of CICERO, I should address myself to some person of illustrious rank, distinguished by his parts and eloquence, and bearing a principal share in the great affairs of the Nation; who, according to the usual stile of Dedications, might be the proper subject of a comparison with the Hero of my piece. Your Lordship's name will confirm that expectation, and Your character would justify me in running some length into the parallel; but my experience of your good sense forbids me the attempt. For Your Lordship knows, what a disadvantage it would be to any character, to be placed in the same light with that of CICERO; that all such comparisons must be invidious and adulatory; and that the following thistory will suggest a reason in every page, why no man now living can justly be compared with him.